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JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, MARCH 20, 1908.

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Going Into the Apple Business.

It is well known that the finest apples can be raised in Amador county in the mountain section from ten to twenty miles east of Jackson. There is no question about the quality of the fruit. The soil and climate of that region seems peculiarly adapted for apples, and the product commands the highest price in the market. The trouble heretofore has been the difficulty in getting them to the outside markets in good condition; the thirty miles of rough road to the nearest railroad being one serious trouble. Another thing, the quantity raised has been insufficient for the dealers below to interest themselves in. So the mountain orchard men have contented themselves with simply supplying the local markets along the mineral belt.

Now, however, there is a movement on foot to go into the business more extensively, with the view of securing a steady and reliable market outside. The extension of the railroad to Martells has brought the transportation problem within measurable control. Fayette Mace is putting in 300 young trees, and other settlers are preparing to plant in the same line. With a number of growers acting in concert, and thereby insuring a fair sized output, there will be no trouble in getting dealers to take hold of these mountain apples.

Immense Lime-Rock Deposits.

One of the resources of Amador county that will no doubt play a part in the future industries of this section is the vast deposits of lime rock between Sutter Creek and Lone. Bonham's lime kiln has been in active operation for many years, supplying only the local demand; the cost of transportation being too heavy to admit of competing for outside markets. This lime rock extends for miles; it is practically inexhaustible; without doing anything more than simply quarrying it from the side of a mountain. As regards quality it will compare with any limestone in the state. The stone has been submitted to experts and pronounced superior to any other known deposit in California. An effort is being made to place the raw material on the market. The trouble is the transportation to the railroad. The nearest railroad is the I. & E. road, 1½ miles distant, over a rugged country. This is the great obstacle. A scheme is on foot to try to bridge this obstacle by an aerial tramway. A market for thousands of tons per week can be secured if this transportation problem can be brought within reasonable limits. W. H. Greenhalgh has been working on this proposition, in connection with parties below for some time, and getting options on lime deposits, with a view of organizing a company to go into the business on an extensive scale. It is hoped that they will be successful as it would mean the employment of a number of men, and would certainly lead to the development of lime making on a far more extensive scale than has heretofore been possible in this county.

Mass on St. Patrick's Day.

In St. Patrick's church in this city there was celebrated on St. Patrick's day, in honor of the patron saint, what is called high deacon mass. The church was crowded on the occasion, many coming from outside towns to attend. There were three priests taking part in the ceremonies; Father Kearney as celebrant; Father Dermody of Sutter Creek, as deacon, and Father Gleason as eulogist, delivering an impressive and instructive address, which was listened to with profound attention throughout. The singing by the choir was very good.

Broke His Leg.

Lone, March 16.—At the Preston School of Industry, located here, a boy named Bernardino, met with a very unusual and serious accident. In jumping across a brook, his foot slipped and he was hurled headlong, breaking his leg in two places. So serious is the injury that the leg may have to be amputated. The bone was badly splintered and protruded several inches.—Sacramento Bee.

Unclaimed Letters.

Amadio Baldassari, Vule Marie, Charles Pesia p. c., Harry M. Rosenbaum p. c., Mihai Setencich, Emile Sada p. c., M. Tonson p. c.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Ledger and Chicago Weekly Inter Ocean, both papers for one year, \$2.50 in advance.

The City Election.

The forthcoming election for city officers presents a peculiar situation of affairs. It seems that the time for filing certificates of nomination expired last Friday, 30 days before the election. The law of two years ago, allowing independent nominations to be filed twenty days before the election, was changed by the last legislature to 30 days, besides placing other restrictions in the way. This fact was not generally known. However, there was a rustle on the part of the candidates for marshal and clerk to get in on time. For marshal, G. M. Huberty and Thomas Lemm are candidates. The latter had W. G. Snyder taking the signatures of twelve citizens, each on a separate sheet, and certifying to the same, on Friday afternoon.

It becoming known that city clerk L. J. Glavinovich was not a candidate for re-election, C. M. Kelly secured the necessary number of petitioners to have his name placed on the ballot for that office. Thereafter another petition was started in the interest of Henry Weil for clerk, and the requisite names secured therefor.

C. M. Meek informs us that he is a candidate for city clerk. He was too late to get his name upon the printed ballot; as the law was changed at the last legislature, requiring independent candidates to file certificates of nomination thirty, instead of twenty days before the election. It will therefore be necessary for those desiring to vote for him to write his name upon the ballot in the blank space left for that purpose. Mr Meek is in every way qualified for the position, having held the office of postmaster in former years, which is much more complex from a clerical standpoint than city clerk.

Elmer Dufrene, a young man employed at the Globe hotel, is a candidate for city marshal. He also was too late to get his name on the printed ballot.

The four incumbents of trustees whose terms expire, have all petitioned, to get on the ticket for re-election. According to report they were not anxious to run, but had to do so as no one else was willing to take the job off their hands.

Union House Sold.

Sam Cinotti, who has been proprietor of the Union House in this city for the last four years, has sold the business, together with the furniture, to Joseph Gallo of San Francisco. The deal was arranged last week. The parties had been negotiating for several weeks, and there remained a difference of \$100, when it was decided to split the difference, and a dispatch was sent up consenting to this arrangement, and saying that a party would be up Saturday to ratify the bargain. Saturday evening, a brother of Gallo arrived, with full authority to act for his brother, and the deal was consummated. The brother took charge Sunday in behalf of the new proprietor. Joseph Gallo is expected here by the end of the week. It is said he waited in San Francisco to get married, that the wedding took place Wednesday, and the newly married couple will be here in a day or two, also a sister of the proprietor, who will assist in the management.

S. Ginotti expects to leave for Tonopah next week, his business there being to dispose of a saloon business conducted by his father, who recently became incapacitated to manage it on account of a stroke of paralysis. Ginotti's family will remain here, and Sam expects to return in a couple of weeks, and go into business here again. He thinks Jackson is good enough place for him. He has been in Colorado and other western states, but has failed to find a locality that agrees with him better than Amador county.

Students Wed at San Rafael.

Unknown to friends and relatives, Miss Evelyn Rust and Charles Coil, students at the University of California, slipped away to San Rafael yesterday afternoon, and were married. Last night the couple returned to Berkeley, Coil to the Phi Kappa Sigma fraternity house, and Miss Rust to the home of friends. Coil told the boys of the fraternity of his marriage. He is a senior in the college of mining and popular in student affairs.

The above item appeared in yesterday's Examiner. The bride is the daughter of E. C. Rust, at one time editor of the Dispatch, and is well known in Jackson.

Ledger and Chicago Weekly Inter Ocean, both papers for one year, \$2.50 in advance

Keystone Skip Tender Killed.

Shortly after four o'clock Saturday afternoon Oreste Zanetti, skip tender at the Keystone mine in Amador City, was killed by accidentally falling down the shaft. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon under the auspices of the order of Druids in Sutter Creek.

About the time of the accident Zanetti was at the 800 level of the mine in the north compartment of the shaft, and had crossed over to the south part to load some drills into the skip to be taken to the surface. After completing this he crossed over to the other side, intending to sit down on the bench he had fixed for himself, but must have slipped on the timbers, for he never wore nails in his shoes. He must have skidded along the track for the first trace of his fall was near the 1000 level. His body was found on the platform at the 1200 station with his head badly mashed.

Died in Hawaii.

C. L. Culbert a few days ago received word that the five-year-old son of T. M. Church (Mrs Church being formerly Miss Culbert) died suddenly in one of the islands on the 28th of February. Mrs Church was on the eve of leaving the islands with her four children for California, to visit her relatives in Amador City, who were making preparations for their reception. On Sunday Mr Culbert received a copy of the Maui News, conveying the sad information that the five-year-old son was seized with an attack of pneumonia, and died in four days thereafter. While the bereavement has no doubt delayed the visit of Mrs Church and the remaining children, it is not believed that it has changed the plans entirely, and she is expected to reach here in a few weeks.

Many of the friends of T. M. Church in Amador City and elsewhere will be pleased to learn that he has been promoted to a higher position. He has been employed by the Hawaiian Commercial Company for several years. Recently he was transferred to Honolulu, to fill the position of buying agent. He will do considerable traveling with headquarters at Honolulu.

Impure blood runs you down—makes you an easy victim for organic diseases. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies the blood—cures the cause—builds you up.

Niles Bank President Resigns.

At a meeting of the directors of the Niles State Bank last Saturday, the resignation of Jackson Dennis was received and Edward Ellsworth, heretofore vice president, was elected to the presidency. Mr Dennis asked for the meeting and tendered his resignation owing to the desire on his part to give his entire attention to the industrial interests about Niles in which he is interested.—Haywards Review.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted.—Would like to hear at once from owner having good medium size farm or small business for sale in any good prosperous locality. Please give price and description and reason for selling. State when possession can be had. No agents need reply. Address Lock Drawer 984, Rochester, N. Y.

Native Son's Lodge Elect Delegates

H. C. Lichtenberger of Los Angeles, grand trustee, was a visitor to the Native Son's parlor of this place Wednesday evening, a large number of the members being present to receive the guest. At the same meeting Dr. J. D. Fogarty was initiated to membership. This parlor having a membership of 185 in good standing, it is entitled to be represented by three delegates at the grand lodge, which convenes the latter part of May in the Yosemite valley, this number being elected Wednesday evening. Those fortunate enough to be chosen are Dr. J. F. Wilson, president of the parlor; A. L. Stewart, past president; and R. I. Kerr, with J. C. Garbarini, L. H. Kerfoot and L. J. Glavinovich as the respective alternates. After the regular business the members repaired to the banquet room and enjoyed a sumptuous repast. Appropriate remarks by the visiting grand officer and others were listened to with interest. Mr Lichtenberger left yesterday morning continuing on his rounds of visits to the various parlors in this foothill district.

Now is the time to get your painting and papering done, while we are in town. C. V. and M. L. Fournier, P. O. box 207.

MINING NOTES.

Bunker Hill.—This mine paid the usual dividend of three cents per share on the 15th instant. This makes sixteen dividends. The mine is looking well. They have encountered the ledge matter on the 1400 level at a distance of 200 feet less than where they anticipated reaching it. It is good milling ore, and there is a considerable body of it.

Fremont.—Twenty-five stamps of the mill were started last Monday. Every thing indicates that the mill will be kept running to this extent steadily until the shaft is repaired throughout, when the full capacity of the mill will be employed.

Defender.—The cam shaft of the mill which was sent to San Francisco to be changed, arrived the early part of the week, and will be placed in position in a few days, after which the ten stamp mill will be started, with the prospect of a long and successful run. The mine is looking well. About six men have been kept in the mine during the stoppage of the mill, which has been idle for over a month. As soon as the mill starts the number of employees will be increased to ten.

Jim Kerfoot of Sutter Creek has been appointed to the position of engineer at the Bunker Hill mine at Amador, taking the place of engineer Burns.

Last Saturday a lot of apparatus—assaying outfits etc.—at the Bay State mine beyond Plymouth, was sold at constable's sale to satisfy a judgment for something over \$100 for keeper's fees.

The Gold Top gravel mine at Pine Grove is again running in full blast, with encouraging prospects of a successful season.

The plant for the Little Amador mine which lies just north of the Keystone has been ordered and will be on the ground within the next sixty days. We understand that Sam Pearce will have charge of the property when it is in full operation. He returned from San Francisco the first part of the week, having gone there to make arrangements for the plant.

At the Illinois mine near Drytown the men are having trouble in securing their wages. The management has repeatedly promised to pay the men, but for some reason have failed to do so. Some of them intended to place liens upon the property, but as yet have not done so in the hope that they will be paid without resorting to that. That the company intend to go ahead is shown by the fact that they have paid to Joe Thomas \$1000 of the bond of \$10000.

Church Notes.

Episcopal.—Lenten Services.—Every Friday at 7:30 p. m. in St. Augustine's Episcopal church, the rector will deliver a series of lectures on "Bible history of the church of Christ from apostolic days to the present time," and also one lecture on "Reasons why I am an Episcopalian." All are cordially invited.

Hotel Arrivals

National.—Thursday. M A Madison, Edw J Warnecke, San Francisco; W P Thomas, C E Pettis, Ukiah; Albert Pentzer, Fosteria.

Saturday.—W H Weaver, Alameda; Henry Morris, Fresno; H A Prole, James Langford, Stockton; C C Peddler, Berkeley; R H Kavanagh, A F Hellinger, D Bibbero, San Francisco; J W Anthony; Mrs C A Caswell, Oakland; F Johnstone, New Hope; Geo Bonnefoy, jr., Latrobe; Alex Moran, Electra.

Sunday.—E M Fisher; J A Condon, Los Angeles; Wm Cohn; Geo S Webb, James Creely, Chas C Huff, H A Bonnell, Bert Gunzberger, San Francisco.

Monday.—E B Holmes, C P Smith, J Englander, L B Katehoff, W Sisenvine, San Francisco; J M Howell, Stockton; W F Price, Miss Hazel Price, Santa Rosa; F A Rupley, Sacramento.

Tuesday.—J B Hicks, Capt. W B Webber, E Bensen, C F Adams, San Francisco; Geo A Gray, R L Prouty, S Hackel, Stockton; H T Watson, New York; E Zumalt, Pine Grove.

Wednesday.—Charles Hughes, H S Hoar, W E Rutherford, San Francisco; E Mogolinsky, Carl Leunx, Stockton; Mr Lichtenberger, Los Angeles; C W Reames, Suisun.

Globe.—Thursday. Nellie Hanley, Stockton; T F Buckley, J Popplano, Lone; C F Jones, San Andreas; J A Snow, Angels; James Riley, Buena Vista; Geo P Evans, Reno; S A Cody, Clements.

Friday.—Fayette Mace, J E Barnes, Lone; D G Stone, C A Steele, Stockton; H S Seebe, Clements; J Dorson, Galt.

Saturday.—A B Summers, Tony Levaggi, Plymouth; Miss M C Hooker, Slabtown; Barney Levy, San Francisco; M Hammer, Lone; W D Hipkins, Miss Bartholdus, J K Veroy, Electra; Max Krygel, Fruitvale.

Sunday.—S Rowe, San Francisco; F A Rupley, Sacramento; Ed Warner, Santa Rosa; Geo Allison, Angels; F E Morley, Stockton; Chas Elkins, Vallejo.

Monday.—Mr and Mrs Will Marchand, Defender; S S Picardo, Stockton; A Davis, James Curtis, San Francisco; A C Arnold, Sacramento.

Tuesday.—J L Dooley, Mt. Springs; W L Rose, Sutter Creek; F B Joyce, Defender; F C Viscia, Electra; Bob Clements agt, Norris & Rowe; Sam Flag, Electra.

Wednesday.—Robert Randall, Goldfield; Frank L Fernandez, San Francisco; James Ardito, A Betzel.

Arthur Mills came up from Sacramento last Sunday. He has been at lone all winter manufacturing one of his gasoline motor-trucks which he completed a few weeks ago. He moved the machine to Sacramento over muddy roads and shipped it to San Francisco for exhibition. The truck will haul about ten tons, has a steel frame and is driven by a 15-horse power gasoline engine. His first machine used a 6-horse power engine. A Sacramento company is endeavoring to introduce the trucks. —El Dorado Republican.

AMADOR LEDGER

Published every Friday Afternoon

RICHARD WEBB Editor and Proprietor
M. F. CALKINS..... Business Manager

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CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

FRIDAY.....MARCH 20, 1908

THE TAFT BOOM.

Never since we have been identified with the newspaper business—a period of over thirty-five years—have we known such a persistent boosting of a candidate for the presidential nomination as is being done this year in the interest of Taft. The literary bureau that is booming him is about the most perfectly organized in that line in the history of the nation. Everything is being done that is calculated to help his candidacy. And he seems to have gained such a strong headway by virtue of the powerful influences behind that his chances of capturing the nomination are considered bright. It is significant that the southern states which are not expected to contribute a single vote in the electoral college for the republican nominee are nearly solid for Taft. Also the delegates from the territories and insular possessions, which do not have any voice in the election of president, are a unit for the administration candidate. No doubt a bitter fight will be made by the adherents of all other candidates to turn the tide against the foremost aspirant, but whether they can accomplish this end is problematical from the present outlook. In many respects the coming republican national convention is freighted with issues of graver import than any which have arisen since the war of rebellion. The personality of the respective aspirants is of small concern compared with the principles at stake. And to our notion the most momentous question is not a more rigid control of great corporations by the government, but whether a precedent shall be established for the use of the influence of the presidential office in naming a successor.

THE AFFIDAVIT CONTEST.

The graft prosecution in San Francisco has degenerated into a roaring farce. From its incipency it has been tinctured with a broad streak of insincerity. Now each side is try to outdo the other in the affidavit business. Heney is entitled to the premium so far as the most voluminous swearer, with an affidavit of over six hundred type-written pages. He evidently aspires for championship honors in that line in quantity if not in quality. He makes out that rabbi Kaplan and Nieto, who gave their version of the immunity contract with Ruef are falsifiers. In this Heney has no doubt overreached himself. He might with impunity perhaps put his sworn say-so as an offset to that of Ruef and others of the bribe-taking clan, but when he, from his self-interested standpoint, tries conclusions in veracity with men like Kaplan and Nieto, he is apt to realize that in general estimation he has voted himself into the down-and-out club. The endless process of preliminaries in the courts is getting to be very wearisome. Meanwhile the pressure of public opinion is forcing the prosecution to change tactics, or rather to fall back upon methods which they have expressly acknowledged as improper and unprofessional. Very recently Langdon, after roaming from the Pacific to the Atlantic on a lecturing tour on graft and grafters, announced that he had nothing further to say; that he proposed to attend strictly to his duties before the courts. Wise resolve, pity he didn't adhere to it. But his privately-paid deputy Heney—for whose utterances on this subject he is largely accountable—is not to be suppressed so easily. He has remounted the rostrum, and proclaimed to the people of the university town that he was going to "land" the grafters, from the low-downs to the higher ups. Heney is a big success in the braggadocio business. Moreover Judge Dunne has again obtruded himself upon the stage, volunteering the statement from the bench that Ruef—a defendant awaiting trial before his court—is "the greatest criminal of the age." We believe he is a big sinner, but what a mix-up, with defendant, lawyers on both sides and judge all engaged in a congenial task of mud-slinging.

Yesterday, March 19th, was the last day for registration to entitle a person to vote at the forthcoming city election. We understand this applies to new voters and those whose names are not enrolled on the printed great register.

CASTORIA

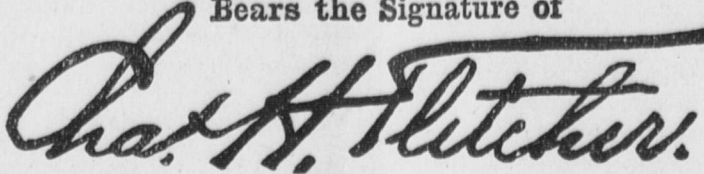
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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JACKSON - - - CALIFORNIA

CHARMS FOR LUCK.

The Sort of Superstitions Some Wall Street Men Harbor.

Let all the dear readers, feminine gender, take cognizance of what follows, for surely the fairer sex is, after all, the stronger sex. Women know no such abject obedience to superstitious fears and signs as do the men. With a view to eliciting something of interest, the writer had a chance to put a certain question to a captain of industry. "Tut, tut," he replied suspiciously, "you'd be getting me into trouble, would you?" With a promise that no names would be mentioned, he finally agreed to tell a thing or two.

The question was, "Aren't men in Wall street carrying all sorts of queer things to try to change their luck?" In answer to this the writer heard some curious stories. One man of worldwide fame, for example, carries a cane in the center of which there is a slender steel rod. Circling the rod there are rings made of leather and of hard rubber, like the washers that plumbers use. Each seventh ring is made of leather from the soles of the shoes worn by the billionaire during what he considered his luckiest year. Elephants and pigs as lucky charms there are of course in plenty, but the proper caper is to wear the animal pinned inside on the watch fob pocket. Then there is another great financier who carries with him a gold ink well and would never sign a document with fluid from another receptacle. Once upon a time, when he had, say, only a piayune million or two, he signed a paper in a deal that doubled, then trebled, his wealth. The ink used that day was emptied into a long gold tube or well that he now carries. The ink was used up, but to the well, so he thinks, the good luck power has been translated. Lucky coins pass from father to son in several of the multimillionaire families, and the man who inherits them would never be without them. We have few secret drawers in desks or doors in houses, as they had in olden times, but there are many secret pockets in the suits made by smart tailors.—Brooklyn Life.

A GRATEFUL GUEST.

The Reward She Bestowed Upon Those Who Entertained Her.

"Human nature is a queer thing," said the philosopher.

"Not long ago some friends of mine got badly down on their luck. Times were so hard for them that they scarcely knew which way to turn for the necessities of life.

"At that most inopportune time they received word from a woman friend of theirs that she was coming to visit them for a few days. They were dismayed, but by the exercise of great ingenuity and by depriving themselves to almost the vanishing point they managed to entertain her and really to set before her most excellent meals.

"After she left their affairs continued to grow even worse, if possible, and while they kept up a brave front I was near enough to them so I couldn't help knowing all about it, though they were not aware that I saw the situation.

"I thought it was time some of their friends came to the rescue if a suitable way could be devised, so I wrote the woman who had been their guest—being slightly acquainted with her myself—told her I would head the procession, would like her aid and would be glad of any suggestions she could make as to a practical plan for helping our old friends without hurting their proper pride.

"Her reply gave me something to think about for many a day. She said she didn't care to help them, as they already lived too well and set too expensive a table; that when she had visited them they had a great deal more to eat than was necessary and that they must be very extravagant people; that it was undoubtedly their own fault they were in such trouble and that it would probably teach them to be more economical in future!"—New York Press.

The Missing Window Pane.

"Every kitchen has a window with one pane out in the Brazilian town of Rio Grande do Sul," said a cook. "That town is a servants' paradise. Servants live in their own homes there, as they should everywhere. They come to work at 7 in the morning, and they quit at 7 at night—a twelve hour day. Quite long enough. The paneless window is for the milkman, the baker, the butcher, so that these traders can leave their supplies—they usually come early—in a safe place. The Rio Grande servant is, of course, not there to receive them. She is in bed at her own home."

Monism.

Monism is the doctrine of the oneness of mind and matter, God and the universe. It ignores all that is supernatural. Monism teaches that "all are but parts of one stupendous whole, whose body nature is and God the soul;" hence whatever is only conforms to the cosmic laws of the universal all. Mind can never exist without matter, nor matter without mind. They are but the two sides of the same thing.—New York American.

The Bloodstained Equator.

Human life, I have reason to know, is held cheap at Equatorville, and the place is stained with many crimes. In fact, the whole equator is throughout its 25,000 miles a line of ignorance, savagery and blood. It is a black line which civilization ought to paint white.—Strand Magazine.

The man who is always on time has a big advantage in the struggle for success.—Chicago Record-Herald.

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Refitted and renovated throughout. Best of accommodation for commercial travelers. Table supplied with best in market. Terms reasonable.

Globe Hotel

NEW MANAGEMENT.

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Board and Lodging

AT REASONABLE RATES.

Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers.

All Stages stop at this hotel.

JACKSON.....CAL.

NEW National * Hotel

Jackson, Amador county, Cal.

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Stage Office for all Points

Lighted by electricity throughout

Commodious Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers.

J. A. Vanderpool

THE HARNESS MAN
Plymouth, Cal.

Has on hand a full line of Harness and Harless Fixtures, Saddles, Brides and Robes. Buggies and Carriage tops made to order.

Also has on hand a line of that well known and thoroughly tried BAKER & HAMILTON buggies.

OFFICIAL MAP

—OF—

Amador County

Drawn from official records and surveys by D. C. CARLTON, showing township and school district boundaries, ownership of all lands according to assessment roll of 1904, mineral claims, canals, location of all school-houses; also a townsite map of principal towns, namely Jackson, Sutter Creek, Ione, Amador City, Drytown, Plymouth and Volcano.

Size 6 by 3½ feet.

Price, colored & mounted \$10
Plain and unmounted - \$5

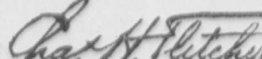
Sold only at

AMADOR LEDGER OFFICE
Jackson, Cal.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of 

Amador County

Descriptive Article

Amador county comprises an area of 548 square miles. It lies on the western slope of Sierra Nevada mountains, and embraces within its territory all the diversity of valley, foothill, and high mountainous lands.

Climate.—The climate of the populous portions of the county is as genial and healthful as can be found anywhere in California. As climate is one of the most valuable assets of this favored state in attracting population, Amador stands second to no county in this regard. It should, and no doubt will in time, when its climatic advantages are more thoroughly understood and appreciated, become a health resort not only for those in less favored states, but for the residents of other parts of California. The temperature alone the central portion rarely falls below 30 degrees above zero in winter, and as rarely rises to 100 degrees in the summer. Snow seldom falls in the settled districts, and never remains on the ground for more than a few hours. Of course, in the high mountain regions of eastern Amador the snowfall is very heavy—which is characteristic of the entire Sierra Nevada range. The summer season is always accompanied with cool nights; permitting of sound, refreshing slumber. Fogs are rare, cyclones are unknown, thunderstorms are infrequent.

Gold Mining.—The county, although rich in other sources of wealth, comparatively untouched, is noted principally for her quartz mines. The deepest gold mines in America are located here. The Kennedy mine is now taking gold in liberal quantities from quartz extracted from a depth of over 2000 feet below the surface, with every indication that the pay-ore extends to a much greater depth. Since the discovery of gold, the county has contributed fully \$100,000,000 to the world's supply of the precious metal. The mines are still yielding at the rate of about two million dollars annually. Nearly all of this wealth is produced by eight or ten mines operating on what is called the "mother lode," stretching clear across the county in a north-easterly direction a distance of twenty miles. The mines aggregate between 400 and 500 stamps, and furnish employment for over 1000 miners. This industry is still in its infancy. The unexplored territory, even along the main gold belt, is far in excess of the ground that has actually been worked or prospected. The county offers today one of the most inviting fields to be found anywhere in the world for the investment of capital in the fascinating business of gold mining, not alone along the mother lode, but also in the almost untouched mineralized country of the east belt, some ten or twelve miles from the main lode.

Besides gold, we have copper, deposits of pottery, coal, marble, slate, limestone, granite, and soapstone or talc—all undeveloped.

Agricultural Capabilities.—The agricultural possibilities equal, if not exceed, the mineral riches. The valley lands will produce anything that can be grown in the most favored sections. In the foothill lands all kinds of deciduous fruits thrive; also all kinds of vegetable are raised where irrigation is practicable along the numerous water courses. Further up in the mountains, at an altitude of 2000 to 2500 feet, the soil is admirably adapted for apples and potatoes. A ready market for many times the quantity now raised of these commodities can be found in the various mining towns.

Grape culture and winemaking are becoming important industries, both the grapes and wine commanding a better price than the product of the lowland.

Land is cheap compared with other California lands. Improved farms may be secured for one-fourth the price current in some places. Unimproved lands can be had from \$5 to \$10 per acre. It does not require a fortune to buy a small ranch. There is room for a large addition to our agricultural population. Vast tracts now devoted to cattle ranges might be made the homes of hundreds of prosperous farmers.

Amador has a population of less than 12000. Three fourths of this is concentrated in a strip of three miles above and below the mineral belt.

Jackson, the county seat, has about 2700 inhabitants, and is an incorporated city of the sixth class. Other towns are Sutter Creek, Amador City, Drytown, Plymouth, Volcano, Pine Grove and Oleta. Ione City is the metropolis of the valley section, a thriving town of 1000 inhabitants.

The community is law-abiding. Educational facilities are excellent. A schoolhouse is within easy reach of nearly every family. There is one high school, located at Ione.

The assessment roll for 1907 is \$5,800,793, and the tax rate for both state and county purposes \$2 on the \$100.

The Southern Pacific has a branch railroad running to Ione. From this point the Ione and Eastern railroad extends 14 miles further to the mining section.

The various religious denominations and fraternal organizations are well represented.

The power plant of the Standard Electric Co.—one of the largest in the world—located four miles from Jackson.

WASHING DAY AFLOAT

When the Sailor Lads in the Navy Turn Laundrymen.

A HARD JOB IN BAD WEATHER

Each Man, With His Feet and Legs Bare, Scrubs His Own Clothes and Gets Them Ready For Inspection. "Jimmy Legs" and the "Lucky Bag."

Have you ever noticed how clean and well dressed a sailor lad looks when on shore leave, how white his clothes look when you board the ship on visiting days? But did you ever realize that he was his own washerman?

With a shrill blast of his silver whistle the chief boatswain's mate will pipe, "Scrub and wash clothes!" and every man hurries to his bucket, gets his soiled clothes, salt water soap, draws a bucket of briny or fresh water, as the case may be, and begins his washing.

He is generally barefooted at this time, so that he will not wet his shoes and stockings. He wears his trousers very bell shaped at the bottom in order that he may roll them up over the knee.

After scrubbing and rubbing his clothes until clean he turns them inside out and with "stops" proceeds to get them ready for hanging up. There stops are short pieces of twine, twisted and with whipped ends, that he uses in lieu of clothespins. They are fastened in eyelets placed at the side seams and bottom of his shirts and the waistband of his trousers. He turns all his washed clothes inside out to prevent the right side getting soiled.

They are then hung on a line which, says the Youth's Companion, is run from the bow to the topmast or upper top of a fighting mast. The well informed man now usually puts his clothes to soak the night before in a bucket half full of water into which he has either sprinkled a handful of soap powder or a small piece of salt water soap. In the morning a little rubbing and his clothes are clean and hung up, while the "landlubber" has just begun.

When they have been thoroughly dried, the chief boatswain again pipes, "Scrub and wash clothes!" and every man rushes for the clothesline to claim his own. If he fails to secure them within a reasonable time, the master at arms, or "Jimmy Legs," takes them down, and they go into the "lucky bag." Then the only recourse the unlucky owner has is to go to the mast, or the "stick," as the court on board ship is commonly called, and petition the "first luff," or executive officer, to order them released.

As a rule, Jimmy Legs, who has charge of the cleanliness of the decks, always has extra cleaning, painting and so forth in mind, and the man whose clothes get into the lucky bag receives so many hours' extra duty as a gentle reminder to be more careful in the future. His name goes on Jimmy Legs' time book, and when there is any extra labor to be performed he is called upon to assist.

This is usually the lot of the "landsmen" who have not been aboard long enough to "learn the ropes."

After they are taken from the line the stops are taken out and the clothes rolled in such a manner that they need no ironing. These rolls are then tied at each end with the stops and are stowed away in the clothes bag. In this way all his clothes, both blue and white, are kept clean, and when Sunday morning comes and there is general inspection on the quarter deck he has no fear of being reprimanded for having on a soiled uniform.

The hardest things of a sailor's outfit to wash are his blanket and hammock. The hammock forms part of his equipment, but belongs to the ship. He is, however, required to keep it clean. His mattress and blanket are lashed into the hammock and stowed in the nettings or crates provided for that purpose.

Every day a couple or more men are detailed to stow them away and at night to break them out. It is this handling so much that gets them fearfully dirty, especially while a ship is coaling. When washing his hammock, a sailor lays it flat on the deck and uses a wire brush to get it clean, with the assistance of soap and lots of "elbow grease."

In visiting a foreign port and before the ship has come to anchor it will be surrounded by "bumboats," generally bringing out washerwomen, who are usually negroes and who clamor for any work in the laundry line. They do good work and charge very little for it. They always show their references from the last ship and always want a new one to add to their already long list.

It is in wet and stormy weather that the sailor has his own troubles trying to dry his clothes. Round the uptakes of the smokestack there is a drying room in which clothes may be hung, but as they grow yellowish when hung there often this room is used as little as possible. In the newer men-of-war there are installed washing and drying machines which greatly facilitate the laundry work, making it inexcusable for a sailor to have soiled clothes. This machine, which dries clothes by centrifugal motion, does the work rapidly and well.

These machines, which are being added to all the new ships, will in time do away with all hand work. The old familiar sight of a long line of clothes strung from bow to masthead will no longer be seen, and the boatswain's mate will forget how to pipe, "Scrub and wash clothes!"

A Singular Meeting.

[Original.]

This story is not only founded on fact—it is fact, only it is put in story form and the names are fictitious.

In the latter part of the last century a steamer crossing the Atlantic was lost by collision in a fog. Among the passengers never heard from were a lady and her little daughter.

Twenty-five years passed. One summer a "want ad." appeared in a newspaper stating that a lady desired the position of chaperon to young people on a trip to Europe. This led to the engagement of Miss Adelia Craven to take charge of two young girls, Teresa Fay and Rachel Cunningham.

These three were one day visiting one of the art museums in Dresden. Miss Fay stood looking at a picture which seemed to interest her, and while she was doing so Miss Craven, the chaperon, came up.

"A copy of that picture is in father's collection at home," said Miss Fay.

"It is also familiar to me," said Miss Craven. "It has been a part my surroundings at some time in my life, but I can't recall when or where. I have it. I have or had an uncle who had a copy of the picture in his library."

"Why do you say 'have or had'?"

"Because I have not heard of my uncle for years."

"Did he lose you, or did you lose him?"

"I don't know. I was quite young when I last saw him."

Whether there was something in the picture connecting the two or what was the reason, from the time of this conversation about it there seemed to be something in the voice or the manner or the walk of her chaperon that was familiar to Miss Fay. The incident led the two to chat upon family matters connected with the past, and there was a singular sameness in certain events pertaining to both families. While there was some sixteen years' difference in the ages of the two, there sprang up a lively friendship between them. It became evident that instead of a friendship during the trip they would more likely be intimate for life. Miss Cunningham met friends, joined them, and this left the other two alone together.

One day while traveling in a railway car a gentleman asked Miss Fay if she would object to his raising a window. She said she would not. Then he asked if it would be disagreeable to her mother, referring to Miss Craven. The girl smilingly explained that Miss Craven was not her mother or any relation to her, whereupon the gentleman apologized, saying that he had been uncertain whether they were mother and daughter or an older and a younger sister. He certainly saw resemblances between them, though he could not define them.

Miss Fay had letters to people in Rome, which procured her an entree to the best Italian society there. A young man of excellent family fell in love with her and signified his wish to make her a proposition of marriage. Unfortunately there was no one on the continent of Europe of whom he could make a formal application except the chaperon, who was not authorized to give the family consent. The result was that Miss Fay wrote her father of the affair. He took the first steamer, traveling night and day till he reached Italy.

"What sort of a chaperon is this you have," he exclaimed, "to permit you to receive attention to lead to such an unfortunate result?"

"There is no unfortunate result in my case, papa," she replied, "nor in hers either."

"What do you mean by her case?"

"She's engaged already, while I'm waiting for your consent. A member of the Italian parliament, a widower, wants her."

"A fine pair to send abroad together! Both you and your chaperon receiving marriage proposals! However, I will look into this affair of yours."

While Mr. Fay's investigations were pending his daughter told him of the picture that both had seen in Dresden, a copy of which was in both families.

"There has never been but one copy of that picture made," replied Mr. Fay, "and that was for me by special permission."

"That proves it," replied the daughter. "I have known it all the while. She is a relative of ours."

There followed an investigation not of a man's family, but of Miss Craven's. The next day Mr. Fay called upon that lady's fiancé and said to him:

"I understand, sir, that you are engaged to Miss Craven and she has told you she has no relative of whom you may make a formal application for her hand. When she told you this she was mistaken."

The gentleman appeared much interested. Mr. Fay proceeded:

"Many years ago a ship was lost at sea by collision with another vessel in a fog. My sister and her little girl were passengers on the lost vessel. I never had heard a word of the mother or of the daughter till yesterday. By a remarkable chain of coincidences it has been discovered that Miss Craven is my niece. The child was rescued, adopted and raised, growing up without knowing who she was."

The outcome was a happy one for all concerned. The two friends were delighted to find that they were cousins. Miss Craven was delighted to know that she was a member of the Fay family instead of being a waif. This was especially a relief since the man she married prided himself on his ancestry, and it had been mortifying to his fiancée that she could not even tell him who her parents were.

ROSALIE WHITING.



When the Children come home from School.

They usually want something from the pantry

You remember the hunger you had—Home cooking counts for much in the child's health; do not imperil it with *alum* food by the use of poor baking powder.

Have a delicious, pure, home-made muffin, cake or biscuit ready when they come in. To be sure of the purity, you must use

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Royal makes a difference in your home—a difference in your health—a difference in your cooking.

ROYAL is absolutely Pure.

ITEMS WORTHY OF PERUSAL.

A rubber tree 4 feet in diameter yields twenty gallons of sap, making 40 pounds of dry india rubber.

Ninety-three per cent of the theoretical heat of coal is wasted, and only 50 per cent of the heat of oil.

Germany's twenty-one universities have an enrollment of 27,000 students under the care of 2000 professors.

England spends \$10,000,000 per year for eggs and poultry, for one-half of which she is dependent on foreigners.

The infant death rate of the fashionable end of London is 11 per cent, while that of the East end is 38 per cent.

No bird can fly backward without turning; the dragon fly, however, can do this, and can outstrip the swallow in speed.

A suit of clothes which will float the wearer in case of accident at sea has been patented by a Norwegian inventor.

The deepest hole in the world has been bored in Silesia. It has reached a depth of about 7000 feet, and passes through eighty-three beds of coal.

A German technical journal has gone to the trouble of estimating that the water of the whole ocean contains in solution over 2,000,000 tons of pure silver.

The sanctuary of the tomb of the Prophet Mahomet, at Medina, Turkey, is to be lighted with electricity. The contract has just been given to an English construction company.

The development of the watercress growing industry in Dorset, England, is enormous. One farm alone employs forty persons in picking, packing and preparing the cress for the market.

The city of Berlin has appropriated \$12,500 toward the fund for combating tuberculosis, to be named in honor of Dr. Robert Koch. About \$40,000 has been subscribed from private sources.

The artificial cultivation of snails is an extensive and flourishing industry in France, no less than 2,500,000 pounds of this succulent delicacy—as Frenchmen consider it—being consumed annually.

The tiny stormy petrel is a bird of immense wing power; it belongs to every sea, and, although so seemingly frail, it easily breathes furious storms. Petrels have been observed 2000 miles from the nearest land.

Foremost among the minerals, etc., which Russians regard as the source of Siberia's future wealth are gold, iron, coking coal, manganese, copper, platinum, emeralds, topazes, asbestos, glauber's salt, rock salt, and in all probability naphtha.

The world contains at least four mountains composed of almost solid iron ore. One is in Mexico one in the United States another in India and a fourth in Africa just below the Sudan, and there have been reports of such a mountain existing in Siberia.

There are always 1,500,000 people afloat on the seas of the world.

The digestive powers of the hyena are extraordinary. One of these animals has been known to swallow six large bones without crushing them.

In Germany there are fewer suicides among miners than among any other

class of workmen.

A scientific contemporary of across the sea tells us that at present it is estimated there are in the world's oceans 7,000,000 cubic miles of salt, and the most astonishing thing about it is that if all the salt could be taken out in a moment, the level of the ocean would not drop one single inch.

Flies are not the only things found in amber. In a big mass of clear amber, dredged up out of the Baltic Sea recently, there was distinctly visible in its interior a small squirrel—fur, teeth and claws intact.

It is said that dried currants given occasionally to horses in lieu of oats will increase the animal's power of endurance. The majority of color blind people, curiously enough, belong to the educated classes, of whom no fewer than 4 per cent have this defect.

The heart of a vegetarian beats on an average fifty-eight to the minute; that of the meat-eater seventy-five. This represents a difference of 20,000 beats in twenty-four hours.

Railway whistles inflict torture on so many people that the efforts abroad to check the plague have won approval from the people. Austria has introduced a system of dumb signaling to start and stop the trains. Belgium is trying compressed air whistles instead of steam, and Germany experiments with horns.

Germany had 11,013 suicides last year, a rate of 21 to 100,000 inhabitants. The rate for Prussia alone is 20; that for the Province of Saxony 32, and for Schleswig-Holstein 33, while in Catholic and Polish Posen it is only 8. For Berlin the rate was 34.

Milk is suggested as a good extinguishing agent for burning petroleum. It forms an emulsion with the oil, and, by disturbing its cohesion, attenuate the combustible element as water can not.

The curious fact is noted by Prof. Landain of Breslau that careful measurements of the intensity of gravitation in different parts of the globe show this to be greater on islands than on continents.

In Norway the longest day lasts from May 21 to July 22 without interruption.

According to a German investigator, a smoker sends into the air about 4,000,000,000 particles of dust at every pull.

A fly so minute as to be almost invisible ran 3 inches in half a second and was calculated to make no less than 540 steps in the time a man could breathe once. A man with proportionate agility could run twenty-four mile in a minute.

The right hand, which is more sensitive to the touch than the left, is less sensitive than the latter to the effect of heat and cold.

One who took part in Gen. Sherman's march through Georgia tells of this incident: "One day we passed a large building and perhaps a few hundred people, men and women, stood silently watching the passing column. One of the men in the front file yelled at the spectators: 'Hurrah for Abe Lincoln!' There was no response and he yelled more vehemently: 'Hurrah for Abe Lincoln, damn ye!' A man behind him called out: 'Oh, shut up, you fool; that's a deaf and dumb asylum.'"

THE MAN AHEAD.

In almost any newspaper You're pretty sure to find A lot of gush in printer's ink About the man behind.

There's the man behind the counter, And the man behind the gun, The man behind the kodak, And the man behind the sun.

The sleepy man behind the times, The man behind his list, The man, alas! behind his rent, And so throughout the list.

But they've slipped another fellow, Of whom nothing has been said— The fellow who is even, Or a little way ahead.

Who pays at once for what he gets, Whose bills are always signed; He's a blamed sight more important Than the man who is behind.

All the editors and merchants, And the whole commercial clan, Are indebted for existence To this honest fellowman.

He keeps us all in business, And the town is never dead; And so we take our hats off To the man who is ahead.

Land and Mineral Decisions.

Reported by Woodford D. Harlan, Land Attorney, Washington, D. C.

Coal lands.—An entry of coal lands made for the benefit of another is illegal and must be canceled.

Practice—Contest—Contest should be dismissed where the contestant fails to appear, either in person or by counsel, on the day fixed for hearing.

Desert land.—Land that without irrigation will produce grass in paying quantities is not subject to desert entry.

Entry.—An entry may stand intact as to the agricultural tracts, though they are rendered non-contiguous by a segregation survey made necessary by a mineral discovery after the original entry was made.

Final proof.—Supplemental proof should be required where the testimony is evasive and incomplete.

Homestead.—Townsite—If at date of original entry the land is not occupied for purposes of "trade and business," the subsequent use of the land by others for such purposes will not defeat the right of the claimant.

Mineral land.—Land must be held non-mineral where no discoveries of appreciable value have been made, and it does not appear that a further expenditure would develop the presence of minerals in paying quantities.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten-fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS

AMADOR.

March 15.—The world here moves on with now and then some changes and losses of loved ones to remind us of the uncertainty of human affairs.

Thomas Dyan for the past week has been undergoing a siege with la grippe, but is now slowly recovering and will soon be able to go to work again.

Mrs. Allen continues to maintain her reputation as the champion whist player of these diggings, in nearly every instance walking off with the first prize. Miss Mae, occasionally surprises herself as well as her friends by capturing the second prize. These whist parties are a source of great amusement to the young people and some of the older, and more especially to some of our old bachelors, who have been on the market for years past.

Miss McLaughlin and Miss Mae, two of Amador City's popular school teachers, are proving themselves to be noted pedestrians walking between five and six miles at one heat.

Webster Fitzsimmons, one of the assayers at the Keystone, the all around ladies' man, and the champion biscuit eater of this camp, continues to enjoy good health, despite the fact that some reports have gained circulation that he has consumption. If he has it, it is that kind that promises longevity.

Mr. and Mrs. Hinkson have gone into the dairy business on a larger scale having added to their stock another cow whose bawling calf at times entertains the whole community by its continuous strains of melody.

John R. Tregloan, a former successful miner of this county, and at present superintendent of the South Spring Hill mine, and who has spent the greater part of his life among the pine clad hills of Amador City, arrived here about two months ago, since which time he has been visiting old friends and relatives. John R. has become very much infatuated with the old home. By his good business qualities and judicious investments he has amassed quite a fortune. Mr. Tregloan is an outspoken, bold, fearless, courteous, genial gentleman and carries gladness and sunshine where ever his wandering feet leadeth. His power of description coupled with his knowledge of the many objects of interest he has visited throughout the United States, make him an important personage to any community. He is in company with his daughter will leave here in a few days for his home in Berkeley.

AUKUM.

March 2.—Edgar Maylone is acting as deputy assessor in Cosumnes township, assessing property in the southern part of El Dorado county.

Mr. Bremer of Clements, San Joaquin county, has been in this section the past two days, to secure land for pasture for his band of 3000 sheep. He secured several places along the middle fork. The proprietor of the Aukum tariff telephone line has placed six new subscribers on the line the last month, with prospects of several others in a week or so.

Mrs. J. French is a little on the gain, but very slowly.

Mt. Aukum school commenced March 9th, with Mrs. L. Grainger as teacher.

Geo. Ames went to work at M. Wetmore's at Plymouth last week. Mrs. Doxtater returned with the horse and buggy. She caught a small mud turtle in the river and will have the turtle taken from the shell house and retain the shell as a curiosity.

Rev. Rinkel preached at Mt. Aukum church Sunday March 15, he has taken up that circuit every two weeks.

SUTTER CREEK.

March 19.—Mrs. R. C. Downs and Mrs. W. E. Downs, with Miss Florence Odgers, went to San Francisco this Thursday morning.

Mrs. J. Truan returned from San Francisco Thursday evening, after several months absence visiting with her granddaughter, Mrs. F. W. Morrish and family.

John Gerlich, who has been attending business college in Los Angeles for some time, is here visiting his father for a couple of weeks.

John Monteverde came up from Sacramento Thursday evening, on business interests, also to visit his parents while here.

Quite a number of the young people from here attended the St. Patrick's dance at Amador City Tuesday night.

J. Englander and S. Smith of San Francisco, were the guests of Mrs. T. H. Simmons Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

The funeral services of James Ardito, an old resident of Amador City, who died on the 9th inst., was held in the Catholic church here last Sunday afternoon. The Benevolent Society of which he was a member, turning out in a body, and a very large concourse of people followed the remains to their last resting place in the Catholic cemetery.

Walter Lucot left for Yerrington, Nevada, this Thursday morning, after a short visit here with his family.

Oreste Zanetti, a native of Italy, and a man of about 24 years of age, was killed in the Keystone mine last Friday morning. He was a skip tender at the 800 chute. No one witnessed the accident, so that it is not known how it occurred, but the last seen of Zanetti he was loading the skip and some time later his body was found in the dump, 1275 feet from the surface, his head and one arm terribly crushed. An inquest was held, the verdict being accidental death. The local order of Druids, of which the deceased was a member, took charge of the remains, which were brought to Daneri's undertaking parlors. The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon from the Catholic church, interment in the Catholic cemetery. The funeral was largely attended, the young man being well spoken of as a steady and upright character.

Mrs. John Phipps of Amador City, was visiting friends here last week.

Richard Harris, who has been employed in the mines of New Mexico, for two years or more, returned to his home here Sunday evening.

Mrs. Wm. McGee and mother, Mrs. Julia Wildman, returned from Boston Sunday evening, where they have been for several months visiting with Miss Margaret McGee, and other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stribley left Monday morning for a short visit to Berkeley and San Francisco.

R. C. Merwin returned Sunday evening, from a week's visit with friends in Hayward and Vallejo.

Marie Grady, the little daughter, of Mr. and Mrs. Pat Grady, is very ill with typhoid pneumonia, and the three-year-old daughter of John Higgins jr., is also very sick.

Sutterite.

IONE.

March 19.—Miss Oda Amick visited friends at Martells a couple of days last week.

Miss Ethel Froudy returned Sunday from her visit with her grandmother at Galt.

Mrs. Chas. White has gone to Tracy for a short visit.

The ball given in the Ione pavilion Tuesday night, was well attended, and a good time was enjoyed by all.

Miss Ruby Shearer returned from her vacation Monday, and is back at her post of duty once again.

Miss Lucy Alford was the guest of Mrs. W. D. Stewart last Tuesday.

Geo. J. Yager returned last night from his trip to Los Angeles.

Charles Rague of Jackson, attended the grand ball here on the 17th.

Ioneite.

Regulates the bowels, promotes easy natural movements, cures constipation.—Doan's Regulets. Ask your druggist for them. 25 cents a box.

You Know Bill?

Bill had a billboard. Bill also had a board bill. Bill's board bill bored Bill so much that he sold his billboard to pay his board bill, and then Bill's girl said she couldn't see how Bill could have a board bill and a billboard at the same time. So she bored Bill so much about his billboard and his board bill that Bill finally had to skip his board bill in order to keep his billboard.

If You Read This

It will be to learn that the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowels, affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchitis, throat and lung disease (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherry bark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Marshmallow root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley, of Harvard; M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

"The Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes that has any such professional endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its merits is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous, harmful or habit-forming drugs and no alcohol—chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful agent in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is safe and reliable. A booklet of extracts from eminent medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed free on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Pritchard*

A BOWL OF BITTER TEA.

Himalayan Hospitality in a Snow Enveloped Hovel.

In spite of a poverty which limits their good intentions the inhabitants of central and south central Asia display a charming hospitality. Such, at least, is the impression gained from Mr. Ellsworth Huntington's book, "The Pulse of Asia."

At Matayan, a village in the province of Ladakh, the habitable portion of the upper Indus valley, a friendly villager invited Mr. Huntington to dive down from the crust which covered eight or ten feet of snow into a one story house. This was at an elevation of 10,500 feet.

Although it was April 11, the snow, even on a level, was higher than the tops of the houses. Where it had been shoveled off the flat roofs it formed high banks, protecting them from the wind and making them the favorite sitting room at that season and even in winter, for the sunshine is always warm in that dry, cloudless climate.

When the little black cows had been driven and pulled out of the way Mr. Huntington descended to an almost closed shed used for the two or three hardy sheep and goats and was ushered, stooping, into a dark stable containing a little pony, shaggy, like all the animals. Bending low once more, he climbed over a high sill and was in the warm, close family living room.

Light and air came in through a hole in the roof a foot square surmounted by a chimney pot a foot high made of three stones set up to keep out the snow. A few bits of ragged cloth on the mud floor for sleeping purposes, a half dozen metal utensils and an iron pot full of Himalayan tea, kept warm over some embers, comprised all the visible equipment for housekeeping.

After the host had persuaded Mr. Huntington to take a seat on the floor a half palsied old woman insisted upon ladling out for him a bowl of tea. It was surprisingly good in view of the fact that a poor grade of tea leaves had been steeped half an hour or more with milk, butter, salt and soda. In richer houses Mr. Huntington was often served with tea which had been improved by being churned violently in a slender, greasy black churn, twenty inches long by four in diameter, in order to mix the rancid butter well into the compound before it was turned into the drinking bowls.

DANTE'S HUMOR.

It is of the Wholly Unconscious Kind and Woefully Grim.

The humorous side of Dante is analyzed in the Westminster Review by George Trobridge, who is a great admirer of the famous poet and who has in previous writings expressed his appreciation of Dante as a nature poet and as a novelist.

Although Dante's great poem is a "comedy," in the sense of being a drama working to a happy ending, we do not look for ridiculous situations in it, such as we usually associate with the idea of comedy. Ridiculous situations occur nevertheless, and there is no lack of humor even in the poet's description of the sufferings of the lost. Dante's humor, however, is of the unconscious kind, arising from a total lack of perception of the ludicrous. It is said that he never seen to smile, and we can quite believe it, since he never forsakes sober seriousness in his writings, and it is his deadly earnestness that betrays him into occasional comicality.

The sinners in hell, the poet tells us, are relegated to their proper quarters on the judgment of Minos, who indicates the particular circle to which the culprit is consigned by wrapping his tail so many times around his bestial body. Fancy the trembling sinner waiting to count the coils that he may know his fate!

It is a horrible punishment which is assigned to those guilty of simony, to be buried head downward in a circular pit, with only the legs and feet protruding, while flickering flames glide over the soles of the latter, inflicting exquisite torture, yet our sense of humor is provoked by the description of Dante standing over one of these holes and holding a conversation with its occupant, "reversed, and as a stake driven in the soil," while numberless legs wriggle in continual motion around him.

Fish Sparing by Firelight.

In the sunny south in the blue waters of the Mediterranean one may frequently behold the strange sight of fishermen reaping a rich harvest with the aid of a long forklift instrument, which is used in place of a net. There the ancient "peche aux flambeaux," a singular custom of fishing at night by the light of a blazing fire, still exists, enabling hundreds of hardy toilers of the deep to gain a livelihood.—Wide World Magazine.

One Good Turn, Etc.

Third Floor Tenant—See here! I'm one of a committee of men in this apartment, and I've called to ask you to sell your fute. Second Floor Tenant—Delighted to see you. I'm one of another committee and was about to go up and ask you if you'd sell your baby.—Lippincott's.

Touching.

"Not a cent," replied the rich man coldly. "Money is not good for the poor."

"Well," responded the applicant, "just pretend that you have a grudge against me."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Obliging Jailer.

Mayor—Where are you going? Village Constable—The three tramps I just locked up want to play whist, and I'm looking for a fourth.—Frasnattian Tales.

DOCUMENTS RECORDED.

The following instruments have been filed for record in the recorder's office since our last report. We publish a complete list of documents recorded, and must decline to accede to any request to suppress any document from these columns. Don't ask us to do so.

Deeds.—Hattie E. Creighton to Penn Chemical Works, the Orion copper mine and the Misty Way copper mine in Campo Seco mining district, \$1.

Nick Glavinich and Rado Glavinich, 1-7 interest in Astoria quartz claim, Elephantine quartz claim, Merimac quartz claim, Middle Bar quartz claim and in the Littlefield quartz claim, all being in Middle Bar mining district, \$10.

Bird Berry to Claude Wilson, 140 acres in 5-7-12, \$350.

Decree of Distribution.—Estate of George Troyan.—One half of residue to Mrs. Amanda Troyan, and an undivided tenth interest to each Mayme E. C. Troyan, Melvina J. Troyan, Hilda L. Troyan, Elva H. Troyan and John G. Troyan. Estate consists of portion of lot 3 block 13, Jackson, valued at \$300; one acre adjoining above lot valued at \$600, note of Charles E. and L. J. Oliver for \$700, note of Geo. W. Brown for \$3000, household furniture value at \$100, 500 shares of Bunker Hill stock appraised at \$500, and \$218.30 in coin.

Mortgages.—Jasper Johnson to W. P. Westergberg, 1½ acre near Ione, to secure a note for \$600, three years with interest at 10 per cent.

Luella and William W. Stewart to W. E. Smith, 80 acres in 32-7-12, to secure a note for \$400, one year with interest at 10 per cent.

Chattel Mortgage.—Francesco Davalle to Marguerite Molino, two cows and calves, four horses and one wagon, to secure note for \$250, two years with interest at 6 per cent.

Satisfaction of Mortgage.—E. W. Brown to Gertrude F. Moss.

Joseph B. Harvey to William J. Harvey.

Reconveyance.—Bank of Amador County to W. W. Stewart.

Patent.—U. S. to Bird Berry, 140 acres in 5-7-12.

Certificate of Redemption.—Jackson Exploration Co. \$126.48, delinquent taxes for 1905 on plant and 33.86 acres in 34-6-11.

Notice of Intention.—Sam Ginotti gives notice of intention to sell personal property and business in Central hotel in Jackson, to Giuseppe Gallo.

Proof of Labor.—C. Bradshaw on Manzanita quartz mine, Volcano district.

Location Notices.—L. G. Shearer of W. J. Bryan placer claim in Robinson district.

A. J. Shearer of President Roosevelt placer claim Robinson district.

BORN.

DABB.—In Sutter Creek, March 13, 1908, to the wife of James Dabb, a daughter.

Ione Holds Field Day.

Ione, March 16.—An inter-class field day of students of the Ione Union high school was held Saturday. The results were:

Two-mile race, Clarence Carpenter winner, George Yager second; one-mile race, Clarence Carpenter winner, Maurice Jones second, Albert Bennetts third; 50-yard dash, Carl Isaacs first, Byron Miller second; K. W. Rust third; 100-yard dash, Larkin Carpenter first, Byron Miller second, R. W. Rust third; 220-yard dash, Larkin Carpenter and Paul Amick, a tie; 440-yard dash, Maurice Jones first, Geo. Yager second, George Gordon third; 880 yards, Paul Amick first, Clarence Carpenter second, Milton Gordon third; girls' 50-yard dash, Viva Peary winner, Elva Gordon second; pole vault, Carl Isaacs first, George Yager second, George Gordon third; broad jump, Byron Miller first R. W. Rust second, Albert Bennetts third; high jump, Harry Heffern first, Carl Isaacs second, Maurice Jones third.—Sacramento Bee.

PIONEER FLOUR always has been and still is the best.

A PILL FOR A PILGRIMAGE

TRAVELERS FIND
Schenck's Mandrake Pills

To obviate the ills resulting from changes of diet and water; to avoid or cure indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Nausea, Giddiness, Car Sickne, etc.

"Live the Life" and completely banish all bilious disorders

**SCHENCK'S
Mandrake Pills**

are without a rival.
Seventy years' use, all over the United States, have proved their reliability and efficacy.

They are purely Vegetable—Absolutely Harmless.

Put a box in your suit case before you start on a journey.

For sale everywhere. Plain or Sugar Coated.

25 cents a box, or by mail.


**DR. J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
Philadelphia, Pa.**

thousands of workers wear

Levi Strauss & Co's

Copper Riveted
Overalls

for the
mechanic
farmer
engineer
stock raiser



Notice to Creditors.

In the superior court of the county of Amador, state of California.

Estate of Patrick McCormack, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administratrix of the estate of Patrick McCormack, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administratrix at the office of Wm. G. Snyder, in the city of Jackson, county of Amador, state of California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said county of Amador.

Dated, February 29, 1908.

ELLA ADAMS,
Administratrix of the estate of Patrick McCormack, deceased.
Wm. G. Snyder,
Attorney for administratrix. mar6

Delinquent Sale Notice

South Eureka Mining Company. Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California. Location of Works, Sutter Creek, Amador county, California.

Notice.—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment (Number 56) levied on the 3rd day of February, 1908, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

Name.	No.	Cert. Shares	Am't.
Dennis, Jackson	692	20	\$.50
Faxon, Elizabeth	315	200	5.00
Howard, Helen L.	387	100	2.50
Howard, Helen L.	434	3333	83.32½
Howard, Helen L.	435	1567	39.17½
Howard, Helen L.	459	120	3.00
Lynch, E. P.	986	100	25.00
McGee, Wm. J.	227	125	3.12½
Ralph, James, tr.	1071	500	12.50
Sinram, Frank C.	1065	400	10.00
Snelling, James	1043	1000	25.00
Turner, W. G.	1036	500	12.50

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the 3rd day of February, 1908, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of said Company, being Room 824 Merchants Exchange Building, situated on the southerly side of California street, between Montgomery and Sansome streets, San Francisco, California, on Wednesday, the 25th day of March, 1908, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon of such day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

L. W. PRYOR,
Secretary of South Eureka Mining Company.
Office of said company, Room 824 Merchants Exchange Building San Francisco, California.

Summons.

In the Superior Court of the state of California, in and for Amador county.

Adelaide Laity plaintiff vs. James J. Laity defendant.

Action brought in the superior court of the state of California, in and for Amador county, and the complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said Amador county.

The people of the state of California send greeting to James J. Laity defendant.

You are hereby directed to appear and answer the complaint in an action entitled as above, brought against you in the superior court of the state of California, in and for Amador county, within ten days after the service on you of this summons—if served within this county; or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that, unless the defendant so appears and answers, the plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the complaint as arising upon contract, or will apply to the court for any other relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the superior court of the state of California, in and for Amador county, this 17th day of January A. D. 1908.

(seal) J. R. HUBERTY, Clerk.

Wm. G. Snyder,
Attorney for plaintiff.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, land office at Sacramento, California, Feb. 24, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Charles H. Carrier, of Plymouth, California, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 7059 made April 15, 1901, for the E ½ of S W ¼ and lots 3 and 4, section 7, township 8 N., range 11 E., M. D. M., and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, on Tuesday, April 7, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

George A. Upton, Jacob Uhlinger, Ruben T. Upton and George Kretcher of Plymouth, Calif.
JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, register.
Not coal land. feb 28

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of O. Zanzucchi, deceased.
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administrator of the estate of O. Zanzucchi, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, at the law office of Wm. J. McGee, Jackson, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said Amador county.

Dated, Feb. 11, 1908.
H. E. POTTER,
Administrator of the estate of O. Zanzucchi, deceased.
Wm. J. McGee, attorney for administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Frank A. Voorheis, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executrix of the last will and testament of Frank A. Voorheis, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said executrix, at the office of Robert C. Hole, Esq., Jackson, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate in said Amador county.

Dated, February 29, 1908.

MARTHA J. VOORHEIS,
Executrix of last will and testament of said deceased.
Robert C. Hole,
Attorney for executrix. mar6

Notice to Increase Capital Stock.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Bank of Amador County, duly passed and adopted, a meeting of the stockholders of said Bank of Amador County, is hereby called for Thursday, April 16, 1908, at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day at the office and principal place of business of said Bank of Amador County, Main street, Jackson, Cal., for the purpose of considering and voting on a proposal to increase the capital stock of said Bank of Amador County from five hundred (500) shares to one thousand and thirty (1030) shares and the capital stock of said Bank of Amador County from thirty thousand (\$30,000) to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).

J. CHICHIZOLA,
Pres. of the Bank of Amador Co.
(Seal) C. L. Culbert,
Sec'y of the Bank of Amador Co.

WANTED

Would like to hear at once from owner having good medium size farm, or small business for sale in any good prosperous locality. Please give price and description, and reason for selling. State when possession can be had. No Agents need apply. Address, Lock Drawer 984, Rochester, N. Y.

Is Your Money

Drawing Interest

If not, buy a money order and send it to the

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK
OF SACRAMENTO.

\$1 starts an account.

4 per cent on term deposits.
3 per cent on ordinary deposits.

Send for our booklet

"Banking by Mail"

RUHSER'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla Makes Pure Blood.

There is no one—big, little, old or young—but has impure blood in the Spring. It is nature. Cold weather makes bad blood, because the functions of the skin are not active in the Winter. A vast part of all impurities of the body, especially of the tissues immediately under the skin, depend upon the skin for elimination. When it is cold all the little pores of the skin are contracted until they are nearly closed, preventing the escape of impurities. This throws increased work on the other eliminating organs, which, as a rule, have about all they want to do. Consequently, this matter stays in the blood or is absorbed back into the tissues.

Ruhser's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla will remove all these impurities and is the only Spring Medicine and Purifier.

Price per bottle \$1.00

RUHSER'S CITY PHARMACY.
Jackson, Cal.

TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

This table gives the highest and lowest temperature in Jackson for each day, together with the rainfall, as recorded by self-registering instruments kept at the Ledger office:

Date.	Temp. L. H.	Rainfall	Date.	Temp. L. H.	Rainfall
Mar. 1, 1908	33 61 0.38	Mar. 17	38 80		
2	33 55 0.92	18	38 80		
3	32 65 0.12	19	39 81		
4	31 56 0.27	20	38 85		
5	33 40	21			
6	25 61	22			
7	27 73	23			
8	27 72	24			
9	27 85	25			
10	34 82	26			
11	34 75	27			
12	36 84	28			
13	36 86	29			
14	39 80	30			
15	47 85	31			
16	39 76				

Total rainfall for week.....1.60 inches
Total rainfall for season to date.....14.09 inches
To corresponding period last season 37.25 "

LOCAL NEWS

There are three trained nurses in this city just now, attending typhoid fever patients. All the patients are reported to be getting along nicely.

Among the documents recorded during the past week will be found two locations of placer mining claims with rather odd names. The entries are made by two brothers, L. G. and A. J. Shealer. One of the claims is called the William J. Bryan, while the other is the Roosevelt. Both of them are in the Robinson mining district and adjoin each other.

WANTED.—A situation as cook or housekeeper by middle aged lady. Inquire at Ledger office. Mar. 20, 11
A message has been received from Mrs. Fannie Hall in San Francisco, to the effect that she had undergone the critical surgical operation for which she went to the city two weeks ago, that it was entirely successful, and that she is doing nicely.

John F. Clute, who has been in Jackson for the past ten days in connection with the Half Moon Bay properties, left yesterday morning for San Francisco.

Buy the best sewing machines made, for sale cheap. Z. T. Justus, Weil Bldg. Jackson.

E. Hampton, jr., who had the bone of his foot broken about a month ago while employed at the South Eureka mine, is able to be around again, of course with the aid of crutches.

An impression is abroad that Mrs. Richtmyer, the owner of the water-works in this city, is about to raise the water rates. The idea is conveyed that a general raise is contemplated. Upon inquiry from Mr. Blair, the manager, we are informed that this impression is incorrect; that no general increase will be made, but an effort will be made to regulate or equalize the rates; that is to say that the prices charged will be governed by the amount of water used, the larger consumers paying a higher rate. The changes will effect but few anyway.

L. Lamb started Wednesday to tear down the brickwork of Myers dry-goods store, owned by Virgilio Podesta, preparatory to putting in a modern glass front. The work of building the addition in the rear is also progressing rapidly, the cement work being about finished. When the new front is in it will add greatly to the appearance of the premises.

J. F. Wilson, Dentist. Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Phone—Office, black 444; residence, black 394; Jackson.

Wm. G. Snyder went to Turlock, Stanislaus county, last Sunday on business and returned Tuesday.

Ed. Mogolinsky, traveling agent for Eilers Music Co., of Stockton spent a few days in town the first of the week.

Jos. Gluckfeld went to San Francisco Wednesday on business, expecting to remain the rest of the week.

Wm. J. Motiee's law office is now in the Grant building, rooms 413 and 414, at the corner of 7th and Market. Tel. Market 79. N204t
Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, \$2.50

Single Comb White Leghorn eggs for setting 75c per setting of 15 young chicks. Hatched to order for \$10 per hundred. Call or write to J. Johnson, Ione, Cal.

The Rev. W. P. Andrews, district superintendent of California Anti-Saloon League, and a noted temperance advocate, will deliver an address in the Jackson M. E. church on Sunday evening March 22. The usual service will be held in the morning and Sabbath school in the afternoon.

Look out for the Woodcraft entertainment, soon after Easter.

Mrs. A. D. Thompson, who was visiting here with her mother, Mrs. Leam, returned to her home at the Fremont mine on last Saturday.

Mrs. Will Kerr and two children, who have been visiting with her mother, Mrs. Major Lathleen of Sutter Creek, returned to Angels last Monday.

Mrs. C. A. Asawell, who has been visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Aiken of the Climax mine, for the past number of weeks, returned to her home in Oakland on Sunday last.

M. L. Smith Notary Public and Stenographer, Court St., Jackson, Telephone Black 413.

Harry Osborne, who has been foreman at the Fremont mine for some years, has given up his position and will leave shortly for Nevada state on a prospecting tour. It is understood that Chas. Evans, who worked at the Oneida mine when it was running, will take Osborne's place.

Last Monday the mill at the Fremont-Gover mine was started, twenty of the forty stamps being set in operation. Ore is being taken from both shafts to supply this number of stamps, though most of it comes from the Gover shaft. In the Fremont, which was so badly burnt out and caved, the men have succeeded in repairing the shaft to within about twenty feet of the 1000 level. This leaves about seventy feet to where the skip is caught, and about 175 feet to the end of the cave.

Last Sunday eighteen of Jackson's young people spent the day by climbing Butte mountain just east of town. Those comprising the crowd were Misses Myrtle Hayford, Mayme Delahide, Florence Delahunt, Alma Francis, Myrtle Asbury, Hazel Green Susan Laughton and Nellie Driscoll and Messrs Chas. Tam, Chas. Dalporto, Robert Brown, Dudley Laughton, J. P. Crosby, Mark Eudey, Ed. Delahide, Malcolm Calkins and Drs. Martin and Fogarty. They left town about ten in the morning, and returning reached here about seven in the evening, after having the time of their life.

James Clements, who for the past few years has been keeping the Central house between Drytown and Plymouth, was admitted to the hospital as a paid patient last Monday. His slight has failed him so much that he could no longer attend to the business. John Glasson, formerly with John Chien in this city, has taken charge of the Central house.

A couple of teams were set to work on the south fork boulevard, leading from the Chicago house to South Jackson, hauling gravel. There has been more city money spent on this needless roadway than on any other thoroughfare in Jackson during the past two years.

Miss Julia Gnocchio, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Fred Eudey, left for San Francisco last Wednesday. Miss Gnocchio has been suffering from some complaint of the knee-cap, and her visit to the city is for the purpose of seeking medical aid. The knee has been troublesome for nearly two months, and gradually getting worse. How long she will remain in the city depends upon the advice of the specialists consulted. If necessary she will remain there for treatment.

Receipt books, location blanks, deeds mortgages, promissory notes, etc., for sale; also mining signals on cloth, graduation diplomas, at the Ledger office.

John Ferrie employed at the Argonaut, was struck on the head by a heavy timber slipping from his hands, cutting a gash in his forehead about two inches in length. It is only a scalp wound. Dr. Sprague was called to attend him. He will be able to return to work in a few days.

Mrs. S. W. Bright went to Oakland last Saturday, to spend some time visiting relatives.

B. F. Woolnar came up from Oakland yesterday, to attend to matters in connection with the estate of William H. Russell, he being an attorney for Elizabeth Symons, one of the interested parties.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Harrington went to San Francisco yesterday and will probably be gone for some time. They took their little daughter Ruth, with them, intending to place her under the care of a doctor for treatment of her foot, which is slightly deformed.

Miss Evelyn Devan returned to Stockton yesterday morning, after spending a week at home.

M. Haber, who has been manager for the past couple of months of the Gollober company, which took over the McCutchen bankrupt stock, left this morning for Tonopah, where the same company has bought a stock.

LAUGHTER AND DIGESTION.

That a normal mind is really a basis of good digestion is shown by the remarkable sensitiveness of the digestive processes to mental conditions. Sudden sorrow, bad news, disaster, great losses of property or friends, great disappointments or worry not only arrest all the digestive processes, but even suspend the formation of the gastric juice.

It has been shown that when the gastric follicles are distended and the gastric juices flowing freely from them when one is hungry and eating with great relish, the sudden receipt of bad news completely reverses the digestive processes. The gastric glands immediately become parched, dry, feverish, and food will remain in the stomach for many hours with the digestive processes absolutely suspended.

The digestion seems to be dependent upon the condition of the mind. Often our passing moods hasten or retard digestion.

We often hear people, especially delicate women who have nervous dyspepsia, say that they do not understand how it is they can go out to late suppers or banquets and eat heartily all sorts of incongruous foods without feeling any inconvenience afterwards.

They do not realize that it is due to the change in the mental attitude. They have had a good time; they have enjoyed themselves. The lively conversation, the jokes which caused them to laugh heartily, the bright, cheerful environment completely changed the mental attitude, and, of course, these conditions were reflected in the digestion and every other part of the system. Laughter and good cheer are enemies of dyspepsia. Anything which will divert the dyspeptic's mind from his ailment will improve his digestion. When they were at home worrying over their health, swallowing a little dyspepsia with every mouthful of food, of course these women could not assimilate their food. But when they were having a jolly good time, they forgot their ailments and were surprised afterwards to find that they had enjoyed their food. The whole process is mental.

People who go to health resorts attribute their improvement to change of air or to the waters they drink, when, as a matter of fact, it has probably been wrought by change of environment, change of mental suggestion, as much as by the change of air or water.

Spring waters, mountain or sea air, often get a great deal of credit which is due to recreation—good, wholesome fun. When people go away on vacations or little outings they go for the purpose of enjoying themselves, and, of course, they are benefited.—Success.

Does Your Heart Beat

Yes. 100,000 times each day. Does it send out good blood or bad blood? You know, for good blood is good health; bad blood, bad health. And you know precisely what to take for bad blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Doctors have endorsed it for 60 years.

One frequent cause of bad blood is a sluggish liver. This produces constipation. Poisonous substances are then absorbed into the blood. Keep the bowels open with Ayer's Pills.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufactured at:
Ayer's
HAIR VIGOR.
ACQUE CURE.
CHERRY PECTORAL.
We have no secret! We publish the formulae of all our remedies.

Serious Accident.

John Libby, timberman at the Argonaut mine, was the victim of a serious accident yesterday. He was working in the shaft, and was engaged in conversation with W. J. Nettle, the superintendent. He had just passed from the north to the south compartment of the shaft, and while standing taking the skip descended, striking him on the back, and throwing him down; he fell several sets, when the skip caught him in the left leg, tearing the muscles and flesh badly, although fracturing no bones. The injuries sustained are severe, and will lay him up for months. He was conveyed to his boarding place at the Globe hotel, where he is now staying. Dr. Gall is attending to the case. The injured man only returned to this city about a month ago, after working in the railroad shops of Sacramento for several months. This lamentable occurrence will be deeply regretted by his many acquaintances and friends throughout the county.

Runaway Causes

Some Excitement.

Yesterday at noon time not a little excitement was caused by the runaway of a team, harnessed to a light spring wagon, belonging to Joe Mattley, and which he had left standing in front of McCutchen's shoe store. They were facing up the street and were turning probably with the intention of going to the ranch. A couple of men tried to stop them, but the horses became frightened and broke into a run, turning into the alley at the National hotel, and crossing the creek. They were stopped by a fence about a hundred yards from the creek. The only damage done was that one of the springs was snapped, though the wagon was heavily loaded with supplies. They were driven back to the place from where they started, and allowed to stand without hitching, when almost the same thing was repeated, the horses turning and breaking to run; but they were caught by the bridle and held until some one could get into the rig. At the time Julius Piccardo and Ed. Kay were sitting in the dining room of the National hotel facing the door which leads from the outside. The former saw the team coming as fast as it could right for the door. Thinking that they might plunge into the dining room, he let out a cry of warning and got out of the way, closely followed by Kay.

Printing Bids.

The following are the bids for city printing submitted to the trustees at their meeting this month, and on which the contract was awarded to the Ledger:

	Led.	Dis-
		patch
Adv. per sq. for first insertion	\$ 10	\$ 25
Adv. per sq. for second insertion	20	25
Adv. per sq. for third and each subsequent section	20	25
Letter heads per 500	2.00	3.25
Envelopes No. 6 500	2.00	3.25
Envelopes No. 10 500	3.00	4.00
Tag receipts 100 book	1.50	1.50
Dog tag receipts 100 bk.	2.00	1.00
Treasurer's warrants bk.	2.00	1.00
License certificates and receipts 100 bk.	2.00	1.50
Criminal complaints for recorder's court	1.00	---
Criminal warrants for recorder's court 100	1.00	---
Criminal commitments for recorder's court 100	1.00	---
Posters 1/4 sheet per 100	2.00	3.00
Posters 1/2 " " addition	1.00	75
Posters 3/4 sheet per 100	2.50	4.50
Posters 1/2 sheet per additional hundred	1.50	1.00
Assessment lists per 100	15.00	15.00
Assessment bk. (regulation bk) 100 pages	26.00	24.00
Postal cards per 100 including postage	2.00	2.00
Transcript and briefs, 34 lines to page	1.00	1.00

After thus awarding the contract for the Ledger the clerk, with the knowledge and consent of the trustees and attorney, sent an order to San Francisco for election ballots, instructions to voters, and other printing supplies, which have always been done here, and can be done as well here as elsewhere. The work will amount to half as much as all other job work required by the city for the year. That is the way our city government regards the obligations of a contract, under the lowest bid system. The Ledger upon finding out the facts at once served a notice upon the clerk stating that any printing sent elsewhere than the Ledger office would be deemed a violation of the express contract, and protesting against the allowance or payment of any claims therefor, and that the officials concerned would be held responsible on their official bonds for such violations. The only excuse for this treacherous action against home industry that we have heard, is that charges in the law as to the printing of such work have been made, and that it was thought best to send it where it had been made a special study. Think of that. What do we keep a salaried attorney for any way?

Pioneer flour is the best; have no other.

The Corner Store.

Last Tuesday evening the ladies of the Catholic church gave "The Corner Store" before a house that was crowded to the doors, nearly everyone having turned out to witness this event. By a great deal of hard work the actors had all learned their parts very well so that everything ran smoothly throughout the play. It was a very comical piece and kept the audience in an uproar all the time. The actors and their parts were Eli Wheeler, the store keeper, Dr. Endicott; Bud, his son, Emil Marcucci; Harvey Barton, Bud's cousin, a drummer, S. F. Dal Porto; Jimmy Flanagan, who just came to this country and was very green, Ralph Bearce; Otto Guckenheimer, Jayville's chief of police, Fred Lemion; Jasper White, colored, George Ross; Dora, Eli's niece and heiress to \$60,000, Loretta Meehan; Jerusha Jane, an orphan, Hazel Green, and aunt Hannah, Eli's wife, Emma Boardman.

After the play was finished the floor was cleared for dancing, a number remaining until a late hour.

The gross receipts amounted to \$453.25; the expenses were \$73.25, leaving the net proceeds for St. Patrick's church, \$380, a very flattering showing.

The Sewerage Question.

The sewerage question is getting to be a very serious one in this city under existing circumstances. It was a vital topic of discussion long before the town was incorporated; and to improve the town in this regard was considered the matter of primary importance. The dumpage of sewers into the several forks of Jackson creek, all passing through the heart of the town, was a crying evil, unsanitary and a menace to the public health. To provide a main sewer to carry the sewerage a reasonable distance below the city limits was deemed the most pressing need. But so far nothing in this direction has been accomplished. But the sewerage flowing into the streams has been greatly augmented within the past two years. Recently it was proposed to connect the schoolhouse lot with the sewers running on Main street, with the dumping ground within a stone's throw of the business street. This was objected to by property owners, who talked of an injunction suit if anything of this sort was attempted. The matter is thus at a standstill, and it is not probable that the sewerage area will be materially extended until a main outlet is provided below the city limits. No connections with any sewer at present laid down can be enforced.

In an article published last week in regard to the tailings plant installed at the Zeila mine the impression was conveyed that Hambric installed the plant free of all expense to Fortner and Carley. Such was our idea, but since then we have learned that Hambric put the plant in, charging them no royalty for the use of it, simply wishing to demonstrate his theory.

Ed. Delahide went to Campo Seco yesterday to accept a position as bookkeeper at the copper mine.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Pursuant to law and the resolution of the Board of Trustees of the city of Jackson, adopted March 12, 1908, directing this notice the undersigned invites and will receive at his office in the city of Jackson, California, up to 7:30 p. m., of April 9, 1908, sealed proposals or bids for the following supplies to be used in the streets of said city, to wit:

500 feet of 8 inch sewer pipe
1000 " " 6 " " " "
500 " " 4 " " " "
3 8x6 Ys
5 8x4 "
10 6x4 "

The six inch pipe to be in lengths of two feet, the eight inch pipe to be in lengths of two feet and six inches, and the ten and twelve inch pipe to be in lengths of three feet, to be delivered, f. o. b. Martells, Amador county, California. All pipe to be according to specifications on file in my office, copies of which may be had on application to the undersigned.

All of said pipe to be vitrified, salt glazed, iron stone sewer pipe of the above mentioned amounts and lengths.

L. J. GLAVINOVICH,
Mar. 20-3t City Clerk.

SUPERIOR COURT PROCEEDINGS

HON. R. C. RUST, JUDGE.

Estate of Mary Thomsen.—Order appointing appraisers filed. Order confirming sale of real property in Volcano and South San Francisco filed. R. C. Bole, appearing for P. I. Jonas bid \$71 for the Volcano lot.

Estate of William J. Waters.—Decree establishing notice to creditors, final account and petition for distribution filed. Final account shows a balance on hand of \$4378. March 23 set for hearing.

Estate of Mary J. Churchman.—D. C. Churchman appointed administrator, bond of administrator filed. Notice to creditors ordered published; inventory filed, appraising estate at \$936.

Estate of D. Martinetti.—H. E. Potter appointed administrator. Notice to creditors ordered published.

Estate of E. B. O'Neill.—H. E. Potter appointed administrator. Notice to creditors ordered published.

The people vs. Domenico Manzo, vs. Giovanni Battisti, vs. Marco Borello and vs. Agostino Borello.—Court ordered that ruling in each case denying the challenges to the individual jurors and to the panel of the grand jury be set aside and annulled, and the challenges and amended motion to set aside indictments be submitted and the defendants be granted until March 23. Demurrer filed, the ruling thereon to be reserved until after ruling on the challenges and motion to dismiss.

The people vs. Sutter Creek State Bank.—Demurrer filed, stating that the complaint does not show in what manner the bank was conducting the business in an unsafe manner; that it ever failed to meet its obligations, or in what manner it is unsafe for them to continue business. March 23 set for argument and decision of demurrer.

New Cases

Charles Kretcher vs. W. W. Worthing and W. W. Fitzgerald.—Plaintiff prays for judgment in the sum of \$3482, the amount of a note drawn April 15, 1906 for one year with interest at 7 per cent, and for costs.

Catherine J. Good vs. William Good.—Complaint for divorce filed.

Joseph K. Klimek vs. Eugenia Klimek.—Complaint for divorce filed. Order of publication of summons filed.

Cash Register Tapped.

The cash register in the saloon of Geo. Bokovich in Sutter Creek, was rifled to the tune of \$8.75, all it contained—on Wednesday afternoon.

It seems the place was in charge of the bar tender, and while he was absent for a few moments in the rear, some one slipped in and relieved the register of its coin. It is reported that three persons saw a tramp enter the premises about that time. A person was arrested in Amador City the same evening, on suspicion of being concerned in the affair. He had some money about him. He was released soon after without an examination.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

"Doan's Ointment cured me of eczema that had annoyed me a long time. The cure was permanent."—Hon. S. W. Matthews, commissioner labor statistics, Augusta, Ma.

We are a Commercial Bank

Which means that we are prepared to grant to the merchant, the farmer and the professional man every accommodation consistent with sound banking

BANK OF AMADOR COUNTY

Julius Chichizola, President
C. L. Culbert, Cashier

FINE ASSORTMENT OF — TEA AND COFFEE

CENTRAL GROCERY HOUSE

C. E. Olver & Wm. J. Nettle, jr., Proprietors.

FULL LINE OF—

Fresh Groceries, Fruits, Vegetables.
Fresh Fish every Thursday and Friday.

North Main Street — Jackson, Cal.

Clipped from our Exchanges

From Near-by Counties.

Joseph H. Grande, the brother-in-law of Mrs. Le Doux, who was convicted of forgery and sentenced to two years and a half in San Quentin by Judge Nutter last summer, was pardoned by Governor James N. Gillett yesterday. It will be remembered that Grande was accused of forging the name of Haywood Reed to a draft which he had received in payment for potatoes purchased by the Simpson Produce Company of Los Angeles. Grande was captured in Duluth, Minn., and brought back after a hard fight against extradition. Deputy sheriff Carlton C. Case returned him to California. Grande's wife, a sister to Emma Le Doux and two little children were left penniless and a strong request was made for his pardon.—Stockton Record.

The superintendent of the Melones mine in this county has posted a schedule of working hours that would govern when operations are resumed, which will be as soon as men can be employed. The basis of work is: Miners leave shaft collar or tunnel mouth at 7 o'clock; 30 minutes for lunch; quit work on the respective levels at 4:30. At surface and mill: Begin work at 7 o'clock; 30 minutes for lunch; quit work at 5 o'clock, excepting machine tenders, who will have one hour for lunch alternately and work 11 hours.—Calaveras Chronicle.

Louis Gardella and Frank Cockley of this place had a narrow escape one day this week. The young men went down to the John Costa ranch to purchase some wine. Not having anything to get the wine in they picked up an old can and put the wine in that. The can of wine didn't last very long and before it was all gone they were both taken very sick and in terrible pain, having all the symptoms of arsenic poisoning. Gardella was not as bad as Cockley who had to call in the services of a physician.—Chronicle.

John P. Yager, formerly of Oleta, died in Los Angeles at 11 a. m., March 11, 1908. He was born and reared at Oleta, married Miss Ida Votaw of that place, and then went to Los Angeles to live, where he has made his home ever since. His many friends will be grieved to hear of his death. Deceased was 37 years of age, and leaves to mourn his loss, a wife, a mother in Los Angeles, a sister, Mrs. Rutledge, of Sacramento and two brothers, Fritz Yager of Oleta and Geo. Yager of Ione.—Echo.

The representative from this assembly district, Hon. George F. Snyder, paid San Andreas a visit this week. Mr. Snyder is now located in San Francisco, but was called to Murphys by the serious illness of his mother. It is from the latter place that he came here this week to greet his old friends.—Prospect.

John Moyle, aged 85 years, and Minnie Kinsman, aged 25, residents of Vallejo and natives of England, were married by Rev. M. Judy in the Methodist parsonage Friday evening. The bride arrived from England the day previous to the wedding. This is Mr. Moyle's fifth wife. Mr. Moyle was a Methodist minister by profession and during his active career traveled all over the state. In early days he resided in Sonora and it was during that period that he helped to construct the present Methodist church in this city. He is one of the best known citizens of Calaveras county.—Sonora paper.

At Camp 31, Union Construction Co., 40,000 feet of lumber are being cut daily. Over 100 men have been working all the winter, night and day, and it is the intention of the company to employ a considerable force this summer.—Citizen.

Wm. Emery, formerly a book-keeper for the Utica Company at Angels, but lately filling the same position for the Oakdale electric company, committed suicide this week. He was married, his wife being Carrie Huberty, a former well known young lady of this county.—Citizen.

Mrs. James L. Fontenrose daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Seguin of Ione, passed through a successful surgical operation Wednesday at the Irving hospital at San Jose. Mrs. Seguin and daughter, Blanche, were in attendance. Miss Seguin returned immediately to Ione. Mrs. Seguin will remain with Mrs. Fontenrose until she regains her former strength.—Echo.

On Wednesday last week sheriff Cook went to the North Side with deputy U. S. Marshal Towle, who arrived from San Francisco the previous evening, and arrested George Rose and John Williams for cutting sugar pine timber and making shakes on public land. They have been at work near Eleven Pines. The men were taken to San Francisco for examination. They state that they supposed they were cutting the timber on railroad land.—El Dorado Republican.

Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, \$2.50.

EUROPE GROWS COLDER.

Some months ago there appeared in these columns some tables worked up by Camille Flammarion to show changes of a meteorological character which seems to have taken place in Europe. Writing again, he states that from actual figures obtained within the past six years he has become certain that the temperature of Europe has been falling. France has been suffering for a long time from an excess of cold weather, the thermometer reading at Paris having been one degree below the normal height.

Other readings show even less favorable results. The fall is more noticeable during the spring than during other periods of the year. Similar phenomena are recorded in Great Britain, Belgium, Spain, Italy, Austria and Germany. In the days of Philip Auguste, in the thirteenth century, the wines of Etampes and Beauvais were the favorite beverages at court. Henry IV. pronounced bon vivant, frequently expressed his fondness for the product of the Suresnes grape. At the present day there is not a vineyard of importance north of Paris, and as for the petit vin now made at Suresnes, it has become the drink only of the poorer classes.

In the middle of the sixteenth century Macon was celebrated for its muscatel wines, whereas the muscatel grape at this moment can scarcely be made to thrive there. Ancient chronicles mention the cultivation of the vine in Northern Brittany, where now even apples are not plentiful. Again, it is to be remarked that trees which once flourished in the north of France are at present found in the extreme south, and a considerable number have disappeared altogether.

Languedoc no longer grows the lemon; there is not an orange left in Roussillon. The Lombardy poplar, so familiar and picturesque in old French line engravings, is now nowhere to be found on French soil. These are facts which, putting statistics out of the question, serve to illustrate the changes wrought by temperature in the great fruit producing country of France.

Married by Rhyme.

In the northwestern part of Virginia there lives a well known Irish magistrate, a man of liberal education and full quota of genuine wit. A short time ago Jim and Bet, a colored pair, called upon the squire to be united "better or worse." The squire, having been notified of their coming, prepared and actually used the following ceremony:

Jim, will you take Bet,
Without any regret,
To love and cherish,
Till one of you perish,
And is laid under the sod,
So help you God?
All being answered in the affirmative by Jim, the squire turned to Bet and said:

Bet, will you take Jim,
And cling to him,
Both out and in,
Through thick and thin,
Holding him to your heart,
Till death do you part?

Bet acquiesced with a modest bow, and the now happy pair was dismissed as follows:

Through life's alternate joy and strife
I now pronounce you man and wife.
Go up life's hill till you get to the level,
And salute your bride, you rusty devil.

THE PERFECTWAY.

Scores of Jackson Citizens Have Learned It.

If you suffer from backache,
There is only one way to cure it.
The perfect way is to cure the kidneys.

A bad back means sick kidneys.
Neglect it, urinary troubles follow.
Doan's Kidney Pills are made for kidneys only.

Are endorsed by Jackson people.
Mrs. E. Boden, living in Newmansville, Jackson, Cal., says: "Doan's kidney pills have been used in my family and the results were most satisfactory. My brother first advised me to try them while suffering severely from kidney trouble. I had been bothered with severe pains in my back for a long time and finally became so run down that I could hardly get around. My back was very painful and the pains were so severe at night that I could not sleep. My kidneys were very irregular and gave me great annoyance. I suffered from headaches and dizzy spells bothered me a great deal. At last Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention, and I procured a box at the City Pharmacy. They helped me from the first, I continued taking them and as a result received a complete cure."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

The Unfailing Law.

By INA WRIGHT HANSON.
Copyrighted, 1907, by Homer Sprague.

We were crossing Long canyon on our way to Mussel rocks, Little Madeline and I.

I took her hand to help her down the steep side of the canyon.

"It is such a little hand," I said fondly. "It ought to be a wee bit longer, though, for its width."

"What a funny boy you are, Jamie!" Madeline laughed. "What a compliment. Why didn't you say, 'It is a beautiful hand and a perfect one?'"

"I suppose it is my Scotch bluntness, girlie," I answered. "If I had said that, you would have thought I was flattering. I didn't mean to find fault with the hand, though. It is a pretty hand."

We climbed the other side of the canyon and started along the trail, narrow as it skirted the sand hills and hard to follow. At its end Madeline was pink cheeked, and her hair was blowing about her sweet face in dusky little crinkles.

"I can't explore the rocks and the caves and all the wonders of the deep till I get my breath," she declared, dropping on the sand.

"There's plenty of time," I answered, comfortably sitting down by her. "We have the whole long day before us."

"A whole long day?" she repeated musingly. "And after the day, what then?"

My pulse leaped. If I had my desire I knew what would be after the day—another day and another and a day beyond that till life was done, all filled with love and peace and Madeline.

"And now that your dredger did not prove a failure you are a rich man, Jamie," she remarked presently, for I had been silent with my thoughts.

"Yes," I answered, turning my head to listen to the throb of the engine as it came to me faintly on the sea breeze. That was the sound which spelled for me "success." By the engine's work



"JAMIE, LET ME HELP YOU START AGAIN," the tiny particles of gold hiding in the black sand were being taken out as no other device had ever brought them out, and the invention was the child of my brain. Perhaps my jubilation had made me oversure.

"To one who understands the law the demand for something creates the supply. I have success and riches, but neither is sufficient," I remarked arrogantly. "Madeline, you are the girl for me. I want to change the gold that the sand gives up to me into laces and silks and fine linen for you, dear, into jewels to sparkle in your little pink ears and at your white throat and on your pretty hands. I want to spend my gold for you as a king would give to his queen. May I, Madeline?"

"Why, Jamie?" Madeline was looking up at me, laughing, though her dark eyes held no hint of laughter. "Why, Jamie, you will turn poet yet. That was a pretty, pretty speech."

A breath from the sea, piercing cold, struck me.

"But you haven't answered my question yet, dear," I said haltingly.

"The demand for something creates the supply," you said, Jamie, but I don't believe it is always true—not in this case anyway. It is good of you to want to buy things for me, but I must decline, with thanks."

"But, Madeline, you have to work now, and I could do everything for you."

The little head was raised so independently.

"I am proud to earn my own living. I thought you understood me better than that."

The unkind breath of the sea struck me again, chilling my body even as her words made cold my heart.

"If you could change your mind," I began, "I could wait till—"

"Till our grapes become sweet and the mulberry leaf satin," she smiled. "You would tire of waiting. But we won't talk about it any more. Now I'm rested shall we explore the caves?"

I rose at once and helped her to her feet. Without animation and almost in silence we looked at the different colored ledges of the cave ceiling, we saw the little sponges on the rocks, we viewed the curious coal tar formations,

and then we took the narrow trail homeward.

"The day has grown so cold, Jamie, that it won't be pleasant to stay as we had planned to do," she said, but her dark eyes evaded mine as she said it.

I understood. It was not the change of the day that had come to us, but the change in ourselves, in our relations to each other.

Next day brought news of a storm at sea. The sun was shining, but the waves were running immensely high. Standing in the door of my cabin, twelve feet above the sands, I saw it and realized my finish. My house and the house which sheltered Madeline and the other houses on the bluff were probably not in danger. But my dredger! When a man stands twelve feet above ocean level and cannot view the open sea because of the height of the breakers, he clearly understands the fate of a gold dredger or any other object in its very path.

In the course of hours it was all over. Looking at the deceptive calm one never would have imagined the destruction the sea had wrought. I stood on the beach and viewed the wreck of my fortune.

Fifty thousand feet of lumber which had once been the boat lay scattered along the shore farther than the eye could reach. Ten thousand dollars' worth of machinery which had been the motive power of the boat lay here and yon in millions of pieces, burying themselves in the sand, while the work of brain and toil of hands had been as nothing to the sea in her madness.

As I stood there a voice came sweetly to my ears, and a hand was laid timidly on my arm.

"It seems such a pity, Jamie, such a dreadful thing to have happened, but I do believe everything that happens is for the best if we can only look at it right. I'm so sorry, but you aren't entirely discouraged, are you, Jamie?"

My pulse leaped at the sound of her voice. If I could have had her, what would I have cared for any other loss in the whole world?

"There are many worse things in life, girlie," I answered, smiling at her. "I shall do the work again; that's all. It wouldn't do to let myself grow discouraged."

Then a most surprising thing happened. My little Madeline, with a wonderful look in her dark eyes, stood on tiptoe and raised her face to me.

"Jamie, let me help you start again. I was such a little fool the other day. You didn't tell me you loved me. You just talked about spending money on me, and you seemed so sure of me that I thought—I knew you meant it right, too, but I—I—the demand does create the supply, Jamie. The law is unfailing."

It was such a halting little voice and such a delicious little pink face raised to mine. I kissed the trembling lips with one long, thankful touch, and when I let the little girl go from my embrace she laughed, though a little shakily.

"Would you rather have lost the boat, Jamie, and found your sweetheart?"

And I answered, "Another dredger can be made, but in all the world there is only one Madeline."

Breaking It Real Gently.

There is a man in congress who is renowned in the city he comes from for his imperturbable calmness on every imaginable occasion. They tell of him that one day he strolled leisurely into the office of a friend.

"I have just had a chat with your wife," he said by way of beginning.

"Why, I didn't know she was downtown," said the friend.

"Oh, she wasn't downtown," replied the congressman. "I called at the house."

"I didn't know she was receiving today," said the husband, with some surprise. "I thought she had a headache."

"She didn't mention it to me," said the congressman. "There was a crowd at the house."

"A crowd?" echoed the husband.

"Yes," went on the calm man. "They came with the engine."

"The engine?" gasped the husband.

"Oh, it's all right," went on the calm man. "It's all out now. It wasn't much of a fire, but I thought you'd like to know it."

Nation of Noises.

In China night is as alive as the day and is filled with whoops, noisy conversation, the singsong accompanying work, boisterous repartee and every other unmusical sound. In addition, the darkness is one long howl of dogs, cackle of geese, braying of donkeys, croaking of frogs, the squealing of pigs, the drumbeats of the policeman and even, as some one has said, "the singing of the stars." Individually the people are full of varieties of unsuppressed, violent demonstrativeness, and collectively they are only a terrific tribal turbulence. One most appropriate name for China has never been given it. It has been called the Yellow Kingdom, the Middle Kingdom, the Celestial Empire, the Pigtail Nation, the Sleepy Giant and others. No one of these is more applicable than the Nation of Noises. Noise is seemingly the first element of Chinese life and has been cultivated for centuries by Chinese talent, and in conception, development and execution presents not only new varieties, but scores of new species.—Cor. Montreal Standard.

Solicitude.

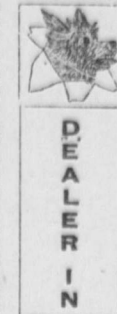
"Why are you so extremely solicitous about the preservation of trees?" asked the art expert.

"Well," answered the man whose tastes in sculpture are somewhat restricted, "it seems to me that trees are frequently very desirable things for statutory to hide behind."—Washington Star.

McCALL
Bazaar Patterns

L. J. Glavinovich

LEADING GROCERY STORE



GROCERIES, DRY GOODS,

FURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS,

SHOES, TOILET ARTICLES,

HARDWARE, MINERS' SUP-

PLIES, HAY, GRAIN, ETC.

Cor. Main & Court Streets

JACKSON, - - CAL.

McCALL
Bazaar Patterns

SIERRA HOSPITAL & SANITARIUM

Near MARTELL STATION, Cal.

Delightful climate, pleasantly situated, and easy of access. Open for the treatment of all surgical and medical cases, except contagious and mental diseases. Fully equipped with all modern appliances, including X-Ray Outfit, Hot-Air Baths, etc.

Any reputable physician is at liberty to bring cases to the institution, under his own exclusive treatment and supervision. Trained nurses in attendance. Terms reasonable.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:

P. S. GOODMAN, M. D. Sutter Creek. L. E. PHILLIPS, M. D. Jackson.

NORTH MAIN STREET

JACKSON, CAL.

CITY MEAT MARKET.

GEO. L. THOMAS & CO.

Dealer in Choice Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal, Lamb, Hams, Corned Beef, Lard, Bacon, Etc.

At lowest market prices. - - - Orders promptly delivered.

SAVE MONEY

BY USING

PIONEER FLOUR

Because it will make more loaves of bread to the sack than any other. Made from strongest wheat

—MANUFACTURED BY—

PIONEER FLOUR MILLS, SACRAMENTO

FOR RENT

The Webb Store Building

35x80 feet, either as a whole or in two separate Stores. The largest and handsomest building in Jackson, located in the in the business center.

Suitable for any merchandizing purpose. A splendid opportunity for business in a thriving city.

For full particulars apply to

Amador Ledger Office

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National Government.

EXECUTIVE

President.....Theodore Roosevelt
Vice President.....Charles W. Fairbanks

JUDICIARY

U. S. SUPREME COURT JUSTICES
(Chief Justice Fuller)

First circuit.....Oliver W. Holmes
Second circuit.....Rufus W. Peckham
Third circuit.....Henry W. Brown
Fourth circuit.....Melville W. Fuller
Fifth circuit.....Edward W. White
Sixth circuit.....John M. Harlan
Seventh circuit.....William R. Day
Eighth circuit.....David J. Brewer
Ninth circuit.....Joseph McKenna

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

(Pacific States and Territories)

Circuit Judge.....William W. Morrow
Circuit Judge.....Eskire M. Ross
Circuit Judge.....William B. Gilbert
U. S. Commissioner for Amador county.....Richard Webb

LEGISLATIVE

SENATORS FROM CALIFORNIA

George C. Perkins and Frank P. Flint

CONGRESSMEN FROM CALIFORNIA

First district.....Wm. Englebright
Second district.....Duncan E. McKinlay
Third district.....Joseph K. Knowland
Fourth district.....Julius Kahn
Fifth district.....E. A. Hayes
Sixth district.....James C. Needham
Seventh district.....James McLachlan
Eighth district.....S. C. Smith

State Government.

EXECUTIVE

Governor.....James N. Gillett
Lieut-Governor.....Warren R. Porter
Secretary of State.....Charles F. Curry
Controller.....A. B. Nye
Treasurer.....Wm. R. Williams
Attorney-General.....Ulysses S. Webb
Surveyor-General.....Wm. S. Kingsbury
Supt. State Printing.....W. W. Shannon
Clerk Supreme Court.....F. L. Caughey

JUDICIARY

SUPREME COURT

Chief Justice.....Wm. H. Beatty
Associate Justice.....T. B. McFarland
Associate Justice.....F. W. Henshaw
Associate Justice.....W. G. Lorigan
Associate Justice.....F. M. Angellotti
Associate Justice.....Lucian Shaw
Associate Justice.....M. C. Sloss

APPELLATE JUSTICES

First district.....James A. Cooper
First district.....Samuel P. Hall
First district.....Frank H. Kerrigan
Second district.....Matthew T. Allen
Second district.....James W. Taggart
Second district.....Victor E. Shaw
Third district.....Norton P. Chipman
Third district.....Albert G. Burnett
Third district.....Elijah C. Hart

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

First district.....Joseph H. Scott
Second district.....Alex Brown
Third district.....Richard E. Collins
Fourth district.....Jeff D. McElvaine

RAILROAD COMMISSION

First district.....Alex C. Twinn
Second district.....Andrew M. Wilson
Third district.....Theodore Summerland

LEGISLATIVE

Senator, 10th district.....A. Caminetti
Assemblyman, 11th dist.....G. F. Snyder

U. S. LAND OFFICE

[Sacramento]

Register.....John F. Armstrong
Receiver.....Will A. Newcum

County Government.

Superior Judge.....Hon. R. C. Rust
Sheriff & Tax Collector.....U. S. Gregory
Deputy.....W. T. Connors
District Attorney.....C. P. Vicini
Clerk and Auditor.....J. R. Huberty
Deputy.....L. Newman
Recorder.....D. A. Patterson
Deputy.....L. G. Meehan
Treasurer.....George A. Gritton
Assessor.....C. E. Jarvis
Deputy.....George A. Gordon
Survivor.....Wm. Brown
Supt. of Schols.....W. H. Greenhalgh
Supt. Hospital.....F. B. LeMoine
Physician.....E. E. Endicott, M. D.
Corner & Public Admr.....H. E. Potter
Court Commissioner.....Geo. A. Gordon

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Township 1.....John Strohm, Jackson
Township 2W. Amick, [Chairman] Jone
Township 3.....A. Grillo, Volcano
Township 4D. A. Fraser Sutter Creek
Township 5.....L. Burke, Plymouth

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Township No. 1.....A. Goldner
Township No. 2.....T. H. Gartlin
Township No. 3.....A. W. Robinson
Township No. 4.....W. L. Rose
Township No. 5.....John Blower

CONSTABLES

Township No. 1.....A. Laverone
Township No. 2.....J. E. Kelley
Township No. 3.....T. C. McKenzie
Township No. 4.....T. S. Tuttle
Township No. 5.....N. E. Wheeler

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY

Reported weekly for the Ledger.

Bacterial Fertilization.—Plant Poisons in the Soil.—A Cave's Inhabitants.—Fire Producing Alloys.—The Work Cure.—Washing Away of South Africa.—Scarlet Fever Diagnosed by Sound.—Spider Vision.—Fatigue Poison.

The nitrogen-absorbing bacilli discovered in root nodules twenty years ago were derived from arable soil, but were attracted to leguminous plants only, though the variety favoring peas differed from that found on lupins. With the leguminous plant of its choice each form of micro-organism entered into true symbiotic relationship, absorbing nitrogen from the air and feeding it to the higher plant and receiving carbon in return. In experiments at King's College, London, during the last two or three years, Prof. Bottomley has not only shown an increase of 80 per cent in the yield of leguminous plants in soil sown with the proper bacilli, but he has succeeded in producing varieties of the bacilli for other plants, thus increasing the yield also of cereals, roses, cabbages and tomatoes. His method has consisted in cultivating several generations of bacilli away from the leguminous root in an extract of the new root, the descendants thus acquiring a taste for the new food. There seems no reason to doubt that nitrogen-fixing bacilli may be adapted to all green plants, and the soil may be fertilized without the nitrates made by chemical and electrical processes.

The growth of a number of successive crops of the same plant has been lately found not only to exhaust the soil for that plant but to develop an active poison for it. Steam distillation of a wheat sick soil yielded a crystalline substance that is toxic to wheat, and from a soil exhausted for cowpeas crystalline substance was obtained that is toxic to cowpeas but not to wheat.

In Mayfield's cave in Indiana, A. M. Banta has captured 33 species of flies, two of them new to science, 30 species of other insects, and 21 species of the spider class.

The remarkable "pyrophorous alloys" now being made in Treibach, Austria, have resulted from the experiments with the rare earths of Auer von Welsbach, the inventor of the incandescent gas-mantle. They contain iron, with such metals of the rare earths as cerium and lanthanum, and on being scratched with steel they produce very brilliant flashes, with little heat or smoke. The sparks—which may be as large as a man's hand—are sufficiently hot, however, to ignite tinder, inflammable gases, alcohol saturated wicks. It is suggested that this curious property gives advantages for many uses, such as lighting gas-lamps from a distance by friction with a steel moved by an electromagnet igniting explosives at less risk than from the present fulminates, yielding flashes from buoys under impulse of the waves, military signaling, and flashlight photography. When the proportion of iron is about 30 per cent, the slightest touch of steel yields a shower of sparks. The light varies with the different alloys, and nickel, cobalt or manganese may replace the iron in part.

Graduated labor in pure air is the medical treatment prescribed by Dr. M. S. Paterson, an English physician for pulmonary tuberculosis, and three years' trial at the Brompton Hospital Sanatorium have shown great improvement in general health and resisting power. Only vest is permitted while the temperature is above 99 degrees in the male or 98.6 in the female. After a few days of normal temperature, light work begins, and is slowly increased—the temperature being carefully watched—through such grades as (1) walking from half a mile to ten miles daily, (2) carrying baskets of mould, (3) using a small shovel, (4) using a large shovel, (5) using a pick-axe, and (6) using a pick-axe six hours a day.

The rapid water-erosion of parts of Cape Colony is attributed chiefly to burning of vegetation and the starting of paths by cattle and wagons. Once started, erosion is very rapid, and the Ongers or Brak River, which did not exist 60 years ago, now averages 300 feet in width and 15 feet in depth.

The scarlet fever heart is a peculiarity lately noticed, for the first time, by a German medical man. With the stethoscope it is recognized by a reduplication of the first heart sound, followed by a rough rasping or scraping, and this appears at the onset of many cases of scarlet fever, often when no other symptoms are to be detected. In some epidemics these sounds may be heard in the majority of cases, while at other times they may be quite regularly absent. Their

presence is of great value in diagnosis, and may be the only warning signal to guard against the spread of infection. A boy who was pale, languid and anaemic had no other symptom except the irregular heart sounds. From these his case was decided to be scarlet fever, and subsequent peeling of the skin proved the correctness of the diagnosis.

Certain children in the chicken-pox ward of a hospital were restless and obviously ill. The heart sounds indicated scarlet fever, and in these cases too, desquamation followed, although there had been no eruption or other sign. Directly afterward this ward had an outbreak of scarlet fever in its usual form.

The eyesight of spiders is found by Dr. Alexander Petrunkevitch to be not only very poor but to vary greatly in different genera. An insect that would be visible and recognizable to the human eye at a distance of a yard would appear to spiders of the genus Phidippus only as a tiny, ill-defined moving object, and to members of the genus Lycosa would be invisible. The poor vision is largely due to the peculiar shape of the retina, while the Lycosa owes its special inferiority to a retinal image scarcely covering the diameter of one nerve-rood that of the Phidippus extending over nearly seven terminations of nerve-roods.

The fatigue-toxin obtained by Weichardt from the muscles of tied animals has been now extracted by him from such vegetable substances as opium, poppy-heads and curare, and has been also prepared by oxidizing albumins. When swallowed, the vegetable toxin yields the same fatigue effects as the animal toxin.

Farmers, mechanics, railroaders, laborers rely on Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Takes the sting out of cuts, burns or bruises at once. Pain cannot stay where it is used.

THE MAN WHO SWEARS BY THE FISH BRAND SLICKER



is the man who has tried to get the same service out of some other make

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

Clean - Light - Durable
Guaranteed Waterproof
and Sold Everywhere
at \$3.00

ILLUSTRATED CATALOG
FREE FOR THE ASKING

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Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers

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Wines * Liquors * Cigars

JACKSON.....CAL.

DISTRIBUTING AGENTS FOR J. F. MAR tell Cognac, Moet & Chandon, White Seal and Private Cuvee Champagne; Morgan Bros. Puerto de Santa Maria Sherries; Royal Wine Company, Oporto. Port Wines: Dukes French Bordeaux, Claret and Sauternes; CANADIAN CLUB WHISKY. Hiram Walker & Sons, Limited, Walkerville, Ontario, Canada; John de Kuiper & Zoon, Rotterdam, Gin; Gilka Kuemmel, from J. A. Gilka, Berlin; Bartholomay Brewery Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Knickerbocker Beer; Doghead Brand of Guinness, Stout and Blended Ale Bottled by Read Bros., London; Cantrell & Cochrane, Belfast, Gin; Ale; Nagle Brandy; Rainton's American Whiskies

Special Small Ads.

Advertisements under this head, not exceeding 5 lines, will be inserted at 50c per month, or 5 cents per line for less than one month.

ALL kinds of Blanks for U. S. Land Filings—A Homestead, Timber and Mineral blanks—may be had at the Ledger office; also deeds mortgages, mining locations, proof of labor and other legal blanks kept for sale.

FOR SALE.—2 saddle horses, specially good for cattle; 1 saddle; 2 colts 3 and 4 years; 1 first class buggy. John Giannini, Drytown, Cal. March 6-3t.

Mining Signals on cloth, required to be posted in all mines, for sale at the Ledger office.

For Sale.—Lot of benches, formerly used in Webb hall; 6 and 8 feet long; suitable for show place, churches, etc. Will be sold cheap; apply at Ledger office.

Acknowledgment blanks for notaries, specially printed for Amador county, may be had at the Ledger office. Price 50c per packet of 50.

Copies of the license ordinance of the City of Jackson in pamphlet form may be had at the Ledger office; price 15c. each.

For Sale or Rent.—The Johns house and lot opposite skating rink on Broadway street, Jackson. Inquire of Wm. G. Snyder, Jackson, Cal.

Cheap for cash.—One gentle mare with harness complete, and light spring wagon. Apply at E. S. Pitois, Jackson.

For Rent.—Two front rooms in the Webb hall building, suitable for offices. Apply at Ledger office.

Furnished Rooms to let; inquire at Ledger office.

A Modern Shylock.

[Original.]

"Father, tell us a story about your law cases."

"Law cases are very uninteresting affairs. However, there is one case which I think may be interesting to you youngsters because it has a direct influence on your existence. I will tell it."

"One day after I had got fairly well started in my practice my office door opened and a Jew entered."

"I hold," said he, "a note for \$200, secured by chattel mortgage on some furniture. The note is due and I cannot collect the money. I wish you to foreclose the mortgage."

"I told him that I did not take such cases, but would find him a lawyer. Your Uncle Tom was then scraping along for a practice, and I intended to give the case to him. The Jew assented and agreed to call the next day."

"He had not been long gone when a lady was announced. She was shabbily dressed in mourning, but she interested me from the moment I looked at her. She was evidently in great trouble."

"Would you mind telling me," she said, "if Moses Weil has been to you to get you to foreclose a chattel mortgage on my furniture?"

"A Jew has asked me to foreclose such a mortgage," I replied.

"Then I am going to ask you not to take the case. I am a widow in very straitened circumstances. I have been obliged to borrow money from the Jew. I can't pay the indebtedness, and if he takes my furniture I shall have to go to the poorhouse. I can't pay board, and the only way I can live is in a little cot. Thus far I have persuaded every lawyer the Jew has asked to take his case not to do so. I hope you, too, will refuse."

"I was surprised and distressed to see so refined a person thus reduced. I was about to promise her that I would not take the case against her when I thought that by doing so I might be of service to her. But I had no final plan and did not care to commit myself. I therefore told her that I would consider her request. She left me much disappointed."

"The next day when Weil appeared I told him that I had reconsidered the matter and would oblige him. He was very much pleased—indeed, so much so that he said nothing about the expense attending the matter except the court fees, for which he made a deposit. He probably feared to antagonize me by mentioning my charge."

"I called upon the widow and told her frankly that her plan of persuading all the lawyers not to act in the matter was hopeless. She was clinging to a straw, but she would not give up the straw."

"You are the first lawyer," she said, "that has refused me. Tell me what your fee is to be from the Jew, and I will endeavor to raise the money and pay it to you to refuse the case."

"That would not be in accordance with the code among lawyers, certainly not my code."

"Is it their code to assist creditors to bring debtors to beggary? Indeed, I know that it is not, for several of your profession have refused to do so."

"This man Weil," I said, attempting to give her reasons that should satisfy her, "is determined to sell you out. He will in the end find a lawyer to do his work. That you may not think me more sordid than I am, I will turn over my fee to you."

"My offer had no other effect than to irritate her, and I left her without making any further attempt at conciliation."

"When the papers in the case were ready, I sent for my client and the widow to meet me at my office at the same day and hour. It was not a pleasant gathering. The lady cast a reproachful glance at me, then looked fixedly out of the window. The Jew looked meek. I sat reading over the documents."

"Mr. Weil," I said at last, "these papers give you possession of this lady's household goods—that is, they will give you possession when I turn them over to you on payment of my fee. This fee—I turned to the widow—I voluntarily agreed to turn over to you. Therefore, Mr. Weil, you may as well pay the money direct to the lady."

"Certainly," said the Jew, pulling out his wallet. "How much is the amount?"

"Two hundred dollars."

"He looked at me aghast."

"I pay you everything?"

"It happens that my fee is the exact amount of the indebtedness."

"Suppose I don't pay it?"

"You will not get the papers, and I will collect my fee by law. You are perfectly good for the amount."

"Meanwhile a light began to break in upon the widow's brain. The Jew argued, threatened, pleaded. I was immovable. Finally I proposed to remit my fee on one condition—that he should renew the lady's note for two years at a moderate rate of interest. Then he left me alone with her."

"Pardon me," she said, with great feeling, for misjudging you. Why did you not tell me what you were going to do?"

"Because I did not know myself till the last moment."

I paused. I had finished my story. "And who was the widow?" asked a chorus of voices.

"The widow was a lady to whom you are indebted for many kindnesses."

"Do tell us."

"Well, since you are so eager to know I don't mind telling you that she is your mother."

EDMOND R. FORDES.

ESTABLISHED 1855.

THE

AMADOR LEDGER

Published in the Center of the Richest

Mother Lode Gold Belt.

Printed every Friday Afternoon.

R. WEBB, Editor and Proprietor. M. F. CALKINS, Business Manager

The Oldest

Most Influential

Most Widely Circulated

And Only All-Home Print

Paper published in Amador County.

The Best Advertising Medium

Republican is politics

But the slave of no party

And the foe of all political and Official Cliques and Rings

Free and Independent in the discussion of all matters pertaining to

to the Local Government

Fearless in the ventilation and exposure of Official Wrong Doing

The Paper for the Family

For the Farmer

For the Miner

For the Merchant and Business Man

For the Taxpayers and Citizens Generally

Two Dollars per year

If paid strictly in advance; otherwise \$2.50 will be charged.

OUR CLUBBING RATES:

Ledger and Daily Call, one year.....\$ 9 00	Ledger and Weekly Chicago Inter-Ocean.....
Ledger and Weekly Call one year 3 20	Ledger and Cosmopolitan Magazine one year..... 2 50
Ledger and Daily Chronicle, one year..... 9 00	Ledger and McCall's Magazine, 1 year, including free pattern.... 2 50
Ledger and Weekly Chronicle, one year..... 3 00	Ledger and Pandex of the Press..... 2 75
Ledger and Daily Examiner 1 year 9 00	Ledger and Pictorial Review.... 2 50

Our Job Printing Department

Is the most Complete to be found in the mountains.

Up-to-date presses, Simplex Typesetting Machine, Folder, Perforating Machine, Numbering and Punching Machines.

We buy our paper stock from Manufacturers at Bottom prices.

Billheads, Letter Heads, Statements.

Pamphlets, Posters, Dodgers,

Checks, Receipts, Tags,

Business and Visiting Cards,

Programs, Etc.

All kinds of Legal Blanks, Briefs and Transcripts printed promptly and neatly. In short, we can do anything in the printing line

OUR PRICES are RIGHT

We Can An Do Compete with City Prices.

If you have anything in the printing line, don't send it away but patronize home industry

LOCAL EDITORIAL COLUMN.

DON'T BE FOOLED.

The multiplicity of candidates for the two salaried city offices—marshal and clerk—is explainable only by a desire in certain quarters to create an interest in the election for the purpose of drawing out a large vote. Every man has his personal friends, and it is assumed that the more candidates the more friends will be working for their respective favorites, and ordinarily that would mean a big vote. A sudden impulse was developed at the eleventh hour in official circles to trot out opposition candidates, even to the extent of circulating petitions late at night on the evening preceding the closing of nominations by petition. And even after the time had expired for getting on the printed ballots, the same influences were directed toward getting more candidates in the field, regardless of subjecting such aspirants to the uphill chances of having to depend entirely for votes upon electors writing their names upon the ballots while in the election booth. The scheme is transparent. The turning down of the petition for a vote on disincorporation has created a strong feeling on the part of signers to take no part in the coming election—to stay away from the polls until something can be done to redress that wrong. This would mean polling of a comparatively small vote, and consequently not a very difficult task to get up another petition for a vote on the disincorporation question. In this situation the object of bringing out candidates, including some of the signers of the ignored petition, is simply to create a rivalry between the two sides, so as to swell the total vote, in anticipation of a renewed effort to force the main issue. The ulterior motive is plain; and few will be deceived thereby. The rival candidates begin to see through the game, and wisely conclude to make no active canvass for the empty honor of being made the victims of duplicity.

The looseness of party ties as compared with a score of years ago is strikingly illustrated in the election of ex-governor W. O. Bradley as United States senator from Kentucky. Bradley is a republican, while the Kentucky legislature was democratic on joint ballot. Bradley was therefore elected to the highest position within the gift of the state by the defection of four democratic members. Such an occurrence is almost unprecedented in a democratic and southern state. But partyism is not what it was during the years immediately succeeding the civil war. Then it would have been treated as an act of the basest treachery, subjecting the defectors to be read out of the party. To-day the incident raises little stir, outside of local democratic circles. It strongly indicates the disintegration of democracy as a national political organization.

The battleship fleet under admiral Evans arrived at Magdalena bay in Lower California on the 12th instant, two days ahead of schedule time, making a record cruise of 14,000 miles in ninety days. The feat was accomplished without the slightest mishap, and the vessels reached their destination in better shape than when they started from Hampton roads. The trip has demonstrated the efficiency of the navy from a steaming viewpoint, and notwithstanding the adverse criticism there is no doubt that in actual warfare the vessels would be found equal to any in the world. The fleet is expected to reach San Francisco during the second week in May.

How political innovations creep in has been signally illustrated in a number of instances in these strenuous times. We are told that the republican state central committee of Ohio have just adopted a platform, which it is reported was submitted to and received the approval of president Roosevelt. This is a big jump beyond all precedent, and will be sure to raise a storm of protest. Party committees in California have occasionally arrogated authority never confided to them, but never gone to the extreme of framing a platform of principles for the party, and submitting the same to distinguished individual members outside the state.

In Placerville a mass meeting has been called for March 25th to nominate candidates to be voted for at the coming election. This is barely twenty days before the election. In a number of other towns nominations were delayed until less than thirty days before the election. Of course these late nominations are based on the idea that candidates can be placed on the ballot by petition as late as twenty days from the election—apparently oblivious of the fact that the law is this regard was changed by the legislature of last year. We have looked up the law on this point, and find that there is no distinction now, as to time, between nominations made by convention and those by petition. In either case the certificates of nomination for county, township or city offices must be filed not more than 50 nor less than 30 days before election. The utility of such a change is not very clear. It seems to squint in the direction of machine politics, and against independent nominations.

SCHOOL APPORTIONMENT.

Jackson, Cal., March 17, 1908.

To the boards of trustees of Amador County:—

Ladies and Gentlemen—I herein report to you the second State apportionment for the school year 1907-08. The state superintendent reports that there is \$9641.53 available for apportionment; to this sum has been added \$50.56, the balance remaining in the unapportioned state fund, which gives a total of \$9692.09. Of this amount I apportioned \$9477.60 leaving a balance of \$214.49.

Very respectfully,

W. H. Greenhalgh, Supt. of Schools.

NAME OF DISTRICT	Number of Teachers	Average Daily Attendance	Apportioned on number of teachers	Apportioned on average daily attendance	Total Apportionment
1. Aetna	1	27	\$ 142.00	\$ 27	\$ 169
2. Amador City	3	104	426.00	104	530
3. Antelope	1	9	142.00	9	151
4. Bridgeport	1	6	86.74	6	72.74
5. Buena Vista	1	19	142.00	19	161
6. Camp Opra	1	8	142.00	8	150
7. Carbondale	1	9	142.00	9	151
8. Charity	1	10	142.00	10	152
9. Charleston	1	14	142.00	14	156
10. Clinton	1	30	142.00	30	172
11. Drytown	1	41	142.00	41	183
12. Enterprise	1	10	142.00	10	152
13. Forest Home	1	8	142.00	8	150
14. Franklin	1	9	142.00	9	151
15. Gilbert	1	7	142.00	7	149
16. Grapevine	1	6	142.00	6	148
17. Ione	3	127	426.00	127	553
18. Jackson	8	250	1136.00	250	1386
19. Jackson Valley	1	22	142.00	22	164
20. Julian	1	14	142.00	14	156
21. Lancha Plana	1	12	142.00	12	154
22. Middle Fork	1	4	29.82	4	33.82
23. Middle Fork	1	6	142.00	6	148
24. Milligan	1	17	142.00	17	159
25. Mt. Echo	1	13	142.00	13	155
26. Mt. Springs	1	8	142.00	8	150
27. New York Ranch	1	16	142.00	16	158
28. Oleta	1	30	142.00	30	172
29. Oneida	2	43	284.00	43	327
30. Pigeon Creek	1	8	88.04	8	96.04
31. Pine Grove	1	34	142.00	34	176
32. Pioneer	1	22	142.00	22	164
33. Plymouth	2	71	284.00	71	355
34. Quartz Mt.	1	10	142.00	10	152
35. Slate Creek	1	5	142.00	5	147
36. Spring Valley	1	12	142.00	12	154
37. Stony Creek	1	11	142.00	11	153
38. Sutter Creek	5	214	710.00	214	924
39. Union	1	13	142.00	13	155
40. Volcano	1	40	142.00	40	182
41. Williams	1	13	142.00	13	155
42. Willow Springs	1	9	142.00	9	151
Totals	57.30	1341	\$8136.60	\$1341.00	\$9477.60

Growing Old.

A little more grey in the lessening hair
Each day as the years go by;
A little more stooping of the form,
A little more dim the eye.
A little more faltering of the step
As we tread life's pathway o'er,
But a little nearer every day
To the ones who have gone before.

A little more halting of the gait,
And dullness of the ear;
A growing weariness of the frame
With each swift-passing year.
A fading of hopes, and ambitions, too,
A faltering in life's quest,
But a little nearer every day
To a sweet and peaceful rest.

A little more loneliness in life
As the dear ones pass away;
A bigger claim on the heavenly land
With every passing day.
A little farther from toil and care,
A little less way to roam;
A drawing near to a peaceful shore
And a happy welcome home.

"In God We Trust"

The motto which has just been discarded on the \$10 gold piece was of comparatively recent adoption—probably in or about the year 1870, its place having formerly been taken by the words "E pluribus unum," which first appeared on the New Jersey currency in 1786.

In the Middle Ages, says the Baltimore Sun, texts from the Bible were very commonly adopted. A German coin of the sixteenth century, for instance, bears the inscription: "Love God before all things," and in England we find texts and religious mottoes dating back to Anglo-Saxon times. These are a few of the biblical quotations which have figured (in Latin) on the coinage of Great Britain:

Lord, save thy people.
He hath done marvelous things.
Let God arise and let his enemies be scattered.
Give peace, O Lord.
Blessed be the name of the Lord.
What God hath joined together let no man put asunder.

But Jesus, passing through the midst of them, went his way.
It would seem that, like other things, every motto has its day.

William O. Bradley, the new United States senator from Kentucky, was born in that state in 1847 and admitted to the bar by special act of the legislature in 1865, being under 21 years of age. In 1870 he was elected prosecuting attorney, and after having been many times delegate to republican national convention, he received 106 votes for vice president in the convention of 1888. His election to the governorship of Kentucky occurred in 1895, when he broke all records and turned a registered democratic majority, estimated at 40,000, into a republican plurality of 8,912. In 1896 he was endorsed for president by the republican convention of Kentucky.

Congress has decided by an almost unanimous vote, that the motto "In God we trust," must go back on the gold coins. This is final. The president dropped the inscription because there was no law that made its retention compulsory. It was simply a matter of option. He concluded to expunge it. Hereafter the motto goes on the coins by virtue, and in compliance with the mandate of the law.

DAILY STAGE LINE

BETWEEN

JACKSON and EL DORADO

J. Steiner, Proprietor.

Leaves Jackson every morning at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at Plymouth 10:30 a. m. Leaves Plymouth at 1 p. m.; arrives at El Dorado 5 p. m.

Leaves El Dorado 7:15 a. m.; arrives at Plymouth 11 a. m. Leaves Plymouth at 2 p. m.; arrives in Jackson at 5 p. m.

OFFICES—Jackson, National Hotel; Sutter Creek, American Exchange; Amador City, Amador Hotel; Drytown, Exchange; Plymouth, Forest House.

Prompt delivery of packages.

This line connects with passenger trains to and from Placerville.

THROUGH FARE \$2.50

Fifty pounds of baggage free.

—GO TO THE—

AMADOR BAKERY

When You Want Fresh BREAD

A. DAL PORTO & CO. PROP'S.

We also keep a large stock of Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

Our Specialty—Fresh Bread every day except Sunday

If You Want Good Health

DRINK NOTHING BUT

Ruhstaller's "Gilt Edge" Steam Beer

BEST BEER IN THE WORLD

Made from pure Hops and Malt

SACRAMENTO CALIFORNIA.

SURGEONS' CHARGES.

Method by Which, It Is Said, the Fees Are Regulated.

Frequently laymen who have had occasion to settle the bills of surgeons upon whom they have called in extremities to use the knife are heard to complain against what they call "the exorbitant charges of surgeons."

A skilled surgeon may charge \$250 for a simple appendicitis operation. The patient, who never thinks of complaining until he is convalescent, objects oftentimes to paying the bill. He says, "It is outrageous for a surgeon to charge \$250 for half an hour's work."

The question of surgeons' fees often puzzles a patient. He knows of one man upon whom a surgeon of wide reputation has operated and charged only \$75. He may know of another who has paid \$1,000 for the same operation. He cannot figure it out.

Yet surgeons of known ability and national, perhaps international, fame have a general plan in charging for operations. Their prices range from nothing to \$5,000. They will operate without any question of willingness or ability to pay in any case where the situation is imperative. Afterward they will present the bill. The general public does not understand how a surgeon will charge one man \$50, another \$250 and another \$5,000.

Surgeons have a fixed price scheme. They aim to charge the patient about one month's income. They figure that any person who is in such bad condition as to be forced to submit to a surgical operation surely can afford to give one month's income. They ascertain roughly what a man makes per month and send in a bill for that amount. The man whose income is but \$50 a month pays \$50. The man who gets \$5,000 is asked to pay \$5,000—and generally objects, even though he should know that his life is worth as much proportionately as that of his poorer fellow.—Chicago Tribune.

THE SHIPS OF TYRE.

Types of These Vessels Still in Use in the Far East.

Away back, even when Solomon was king in Israel, the ships of Tyre, manned by brave Phoenician sailors, went through the prehistoric canal where the Suez channel is now and navigated from China clear around to England.

Their ships were the models for Greece and Rome and later for Venice, the Spaniards and the Portuguese. Only the Englishman improved on shipbuilding, and from him all modern models have dated.

In the old Tyre models the waist of the ship was low, so the oars could get good play on the surface of the ocean, and the sterns were lofty, so as to give room for stowing cargoes and to provide dry quarters for the upper mariners.

As wind power came into use the waist grew higher and the poop deck disappeared. Step by step from galley to caravel, from caravel to frigate, the British shipwrights improved on the ships of Tyre.

But in the far east the models have remained much the same, and the ship makers of Persia and India have stuck to the old Tyrian models to the present day.

Today their high square sterns recall the ships of Columbus. The mariners still have to get out of sight of land and steer by stars and the feel of the wind on cloudy nights. They sail around Trinidad and carry pilgrims to Mecca.

These vessels, on which the queen of Sheba might have traveled to visit Solomon, are used by native Hindoos, Arabs and by the peoples of Indo-China.

On board the captain, his men, the cargoes, pilgrims and sheep, asses and other live stock live in a proximity that would stir an American's stomach to immediate rebellion.—Nashville American.

A Metaphor With a History.

To "know a hawk from a heronshaw" is a metaphor with a curious history. It is a comparison drawn from falconry. "Heronshaw" is a corruption of "heronshaw," or young heron, a bird which was a common prey of the falcons. To know a hawk from a heronshaw is therefore to be able to distinguish the falcon from its prey. A further colloquial corruption crept into the phrase, "to know a hawk from a handsaw," a form used by Hamlet in one place. Possibly the distinction between a hawk and a heronshaw was found not to be strong enough for the purposes of the proverb.—Manchester Guardian.

No Death Penalty.

European countries which inflict no death penalty, however brutal or premeditated the crime, are Italy, Holland, Norway, Switzerland, Portugal and Russia, save where the lives of the emperor, the empress or the heir to the throne are concerned. The canton of Zug, in Switzerland, imposes the lowest minimum penalty in the world—three years' imprisonment for willful homicide, the maximum punishment being imprisonment for life.—London Chronicle.

An Inconsiderate System.

"Why don't we take an express train?" asked the sweet young thing of her escort at a subway station.

"This isn't an express station," explained her escort kindly.

"How tiresome!" exclaimed the s. y. t. "They ought to have express trains at every station!"—New York Press.

For himself doth a man work evil in working evil for another. 41esiod.

Semi-Annual Report

—OF—

Public Administrator

Of Amador County.

To the Honorable R. C. Rust, Judge of the superior court of Amador county, California:

The undersigned, the Public Administrator of Amador county, pursuant to the provisions of Section 1736 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, hereby makes to the superior court of Amador county, under oath, a return of all the estates of decedents which have come into his hands up to January 1st, 1908, the value of each estate, according to the inventory and appraisement thereof, the money which has come into his hands from every such estate and what he has done with it, and the amount of his fees and expenses incurred in each estate, and the balance, if any, in each such estate remaining in his hands.

H. E. POTTER.

Name of deceased Mary Thomsen
Appraised value of estate \$950.05
Cash received 593.05
Expenses of administration, debts, and funeral expenses 222.90
Balance on hand 370.15

This estate is still in progress of administration and there are further claims and expenses of administration to be paid.

State of California

County of Amador.

H. E. Potter, the Public Administrator of Amador county, after being duly sworn, deposes and says:

I was during all the times mentioned in the foregoing statement, the duly elected, qualified and acting public administrator of Amador county; I have read the foregoing return made on this day by me, to the superior court of Amador county, and know the contents thereof, and say upon my oath, that the same is true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

H. E. POTTER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of March, 1908.

(Seal) John Blower,
Notary Public in and for Amador county, California.

Notice for Publication. 295

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. Mar. 13, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that James M. Stowe, of Defender, Calif., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 1425 made Sept. 19, 1902, for the E ½ of N ½, sec. 11, and W ½ of N ½, section 12, township 7 N., range 13 E., M. D. M., and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner for Amador county, California, at his office in Jackson, California, on Monday, April 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz: W. E. Hoss, Henry Chapman, A. B. Simpson and W. C. Hoss all of Defender, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,

Mar. 20 Register.

Notice for Publication. 296

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Sacramento, Calif., Mar. 13, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Walter A. Hale, of Volcano, Calif., has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 7077 made May 8, 1901, for the N ½ of S E ¼, S W ¼ of S E ¼ and S W ¼ of S W ¼, section 7, township 7 N., range 12 E., M. D. M., and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner for Amador county, California at his office in Jackson, Calif., on Monday, April 20, 1908.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, the land, viz:

A. B. McLaughlin, Geo. W. Smith and Samuel C. Stowers of Volcano, Calif., and T. C. Stowers of Delta, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,

Mar. 20 Register.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of D. Martinetti, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administrator of the estate of D. Martinetti, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, at the law office of Wm. J. McGee, Court street, Jackson, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said county of Amador.

Dated, March 16, 1908.

H. E. POTTER.

Administrator of the estate of D. Martinetti, deceased.

Wm. J. McGee,

Attorney for administrator.

mar. 20-5t

J. H. LANGHORST

Main Street, Jackson

Dealer in

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AND SILVERWARE

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Bears the Signature of

J. H. Langhorst